FED. STD. NO. 751a

January 25, 1965

SUPERSEDING Fed. Std. No. 751 August 14, 1959

FEDERAL STANDARD

STITCHES, SEAMS, AND STITCHINGS

This standard was approved by the Commissioner, Federal Supply Service, General Services Administration, for the use of all Federal agencies

INFORMATION SHEET

ON

FEDERAL STANDARDS

This Federal Standard is issued in loose leaf form to permit the insertion or removal of new or revised pages.

All users of Federal Standards should keep them up to date by inserting revised or new pages as issued and removing superseded and canceled pages.

New and revised pages will be issued under Change Notices which will be numbered consecutively and will bear the date of issuance. Change Notices should be retained and filed in front of the Standard until such time as they are superseded by a reissue of the entire Standard.



FEDERAL STANDARD

STITCHES, SEAMS, AND STITCHINGS

Authority. This standard is issued pursuant to the Pederal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, and its application to the commodities referred to herein is mandetery on all Pederal agencies.

PART L GENERAL INFORMATION

Section 1. Scope, Contents, and Classification

1.1 Scope. This standard establishes, defines, and illustrates the requirements for the types of stitches, seams, and stitching formations specified in Government specifications for the fabrication of sewn items.

1.2 Contents.

PART I-GENERAL INFORMATION

Section 1—Scope, Contents, Classification, and Notes.

Section 2—Index of Seams, Stitches, and Stitchings.

Section 2A—Schematic Index of Seams and Stitchings in Alphabetical Order by Class.

Section 3—Characteristics of Seams and Stitchings.

Section 4—Guide for the Use of Stitches, Seams, and Stitchings.

PART II—REQUIREMENTS

Section 1—Stitches.

Section 2-Seams.

Section 8-Stitchings.

1.3 Classification. The stitches, seams, and stitchings are classified as follows:

1.3.1 Stitch. A stitch is one unit of conformation of thread resulting from repeatedly passing a strand or strands and/or a loop or loops of thread into or through a material at uniformly spaced intervals to form a series of stitches. Stitches are divided into six classes:

Stitch classes

100-Chain stitch.

200—Hand stitch.

300-Lock stitch.

400—Multithread chain stitch (or "double locked stitch").

500-Overedge stitch.

600-Flat seam stitch.

700—Single thread lockstitch.

1.3.2 Seam. A seam is a joint consisting of a sequence of stitches uniting two or more pieces of materials and is used for assembling parts in the production of sewn items. Seams are divided into four classes:

Seam classes

SS—Superimposed.

LS-Lapped.

BS-Bound.

FS-Flat.

1.3.3 Stitching. Stitching consists of a sequence of stitches for finishing an edge or for ornamental purposes or both in preparing parts for assembling. Stitchings are divided into two classes:

Stitching classes

OS-Ornamental.

EF-Edge finishing.

1.4 Notes.

Changes. When a Federal agency considers that this standard does not provide for its essential needs, written request for changing or adding to the standard; supported by adequate justification, shall be sent to the Administration. This justification shall explain wherein the standard does not provide for essential needs. The request shall be sent in duplicate to the General Services Administration, Federal Supply Service, Standardization Division, Washington, D.C., 20407. The Administration will

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determine the appropriate action to be taken and will notify the agency.

(Activities outside the Federal Government may obtain copies of Federal Specifications, Standards, and Handbooks as outlined under General Information in the Index of Federal Specifications and Standards and at the prices indicated in the Index. The Index, which includes cumulative monthly supplements as issued, is for sale on a subscription basis by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 20402.

(Single copies of this specification and other products specifications required by activities outside the Federal Government for bidding purposes are available without charge at the General Services Administra-

tion Regional Offices in Boston, New York, Washington, D.C., Atlanta, Chicago, Kansas City, Mo., Dallas, Denver, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Seattle, Wash.

(Federal Government activities may obtain copies of Federal Specifications, Standards, and Handbooks and the Index of Federal Specifications and Standards from established distribution points in their agencies.

(Copies of Military Specifications and Standards required by contractors in connection with specific procurement functions should be obtained from the procuring activity or as directed by the contracting officer.)

This Standard and Canadian Government Specifications covering stitches, seams, and stitchings are identical in technical content.

PART I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Section 2. Index of Stitches, Seams, and Stitchings

	Section 2. Index of	Structies, Sea	ms, and busing	5 D
STITCHES	STITCH BS	SEAMS	8 EAM 8	8 Zams
Stitch Class 100	Boam Class BB	Beam Class 88	Scam Class LS	Scam Class L8
Stitch type	Soom type	Seam type	Beam type	Scom type
101	518	88ap	LSan	LSeu
102	519	88ag	LSap	L8ev
103	520	S8ar	LSaq	LSew
104	52 1	88as	L8ar	LSex
105	Stilch Class 600	88at	LSas	LScy
106	Stitch type	SSau	LSat	LScz
Stitch Class 200	601	SSAV	LSau	L8da
Stitch type	602	SSaw	LSev	L8db
201	608	88ax	LSaw	L8de
202	604	88ay	LSax	L8dd
203	605	88as	LSay	Seam Class BS
204	606	88ba	LSas	Seam type
Stilch Class 300	607	88bb	LSba	BSa.
Stitch type	Stitch Class 700	88bc	LSbb	BSb
30 1	Stitch type	88bd	LSbc	B8c
302	701	88be	LSbd	B8d
303	Seams	88bf	L8be	BSe
804	Seam Class SS	88bg	LSM	B8f
805		88bh	LSbg	B8g
806	Seam type	Seam Class LS	LSbh	BSh
8 07	88a 88b		LSbi	B8j
308	88e	Seam type L8a	LSbj LSbk	B8k
309	88d	LSb	LSbi	B81
810	88e	LS ₀	LSbm	B8m
811	881	L8d	LSbn	B8n
812	884		LSbo	B80
3 13	88j	LSe LSf	LSbp	B8p
814	88k		LSbq	B8q
Stitch Class 400	881	L8g L8j	L8br	B8r
Stitch type	88m	L8k	LSbs	B8e
401	88 _n	LSI	LSbt	Seam Class PS
402		L8m	LSbu	Seam type
403	88p 88g	LSn LSn	L8bv	PSa
404	88r	LSp LSp	LSbw	P8b
405	88s	L8g	LSbx	F8c
406	88t	L8r	LSby	F8d
407	88u	L8s	L8bz	F8e
Stitch Class 500		LSt	LSca	F8f
Stitch type	88 w	LSu	LScb	STITCHINGS
5 01	88x	LSv	LScc	Stitching Class 08
502	88y	L8w	LSod	Stitching type
508	88s	L8x	LSce	O8a
804	88aa	LSy	LSof	OBb
5 05	SSab	L8s	L8cg	OBc
506	88ac	LSaa	LSch	OBd
507	85ad	LSab	LSci	06•
508	88ae	LSac	LSck	OSC
509	88af	LSad	LScI	O8g
5 10	88ag	LSac	LScm	OSh
411	88ah	LSaf	LSon	Stitching Class BP
812	88aj	L8ag	LSco	Stitching type
51 3	88ak	L8ah	LSop	EFa
514	88al	L8aj	LSeq	EFb
815	88em	LSak	LScr	EFc
516	88an	LSal	LSos	EFd
8 17	88ao	L8em	LSct	EFe
711		نناكريمة	20700	

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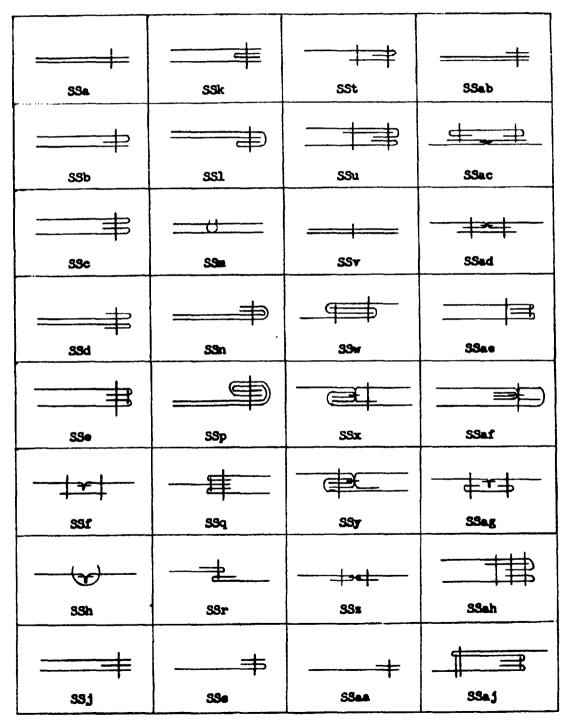
STITOHINGS Stitching Class BP Stitching type	STITCHINGS Stitching Class BP Stitching type	BTITCHINGS Billohing Class BP Billohing type	BTITCHINGS Stitching Class BF Stitching type	STITCHINGS Stitching Class BP Stitching type
ep	EFm	EFt	EFy	EFad
EFE	EFn	EF u	EF:	EFae
EFA	EF _P	EF▼	EFaa	EFaf
RF	EFq	EFw	EFab	EFag
EFk	EF7	EF _x	EFac	FEah
1214	R. Wa			

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PART I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Section 2A. Schematic Index of Seams and Stitchings in Alphabetical Order by Class

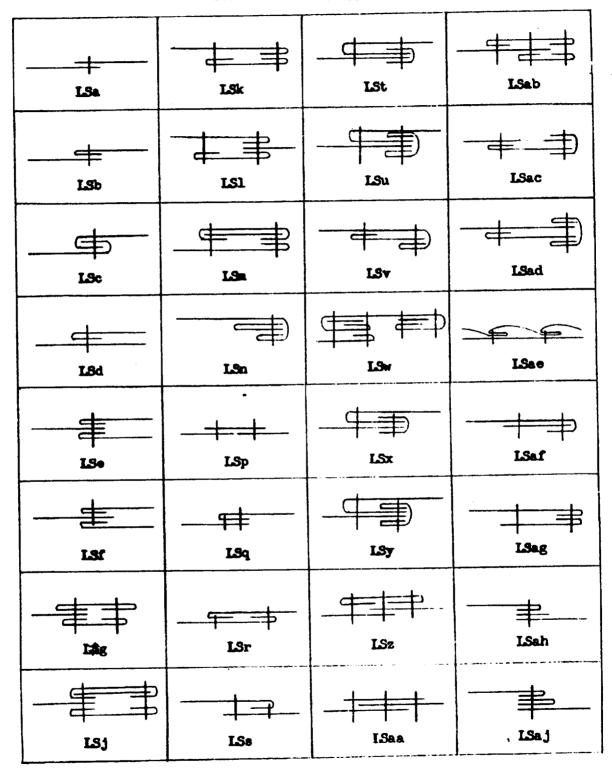
Seam Class SS (Superimposed)



Seam Class SS (Superimposed) (Continued)

		γ	Y
SSak	SSas	SSba.	
_#=	_===		
SSal	SSat	SSbb	
SSam	SSau	SSbc	
SSan	SSav	SSbd	
SSao	SSev	SSbe	
SSap	SSax	SSbf	
SSaq	SSay	SSbg	
SSar	SSaz	SSbh	

Seam Class LS (Lapped)



Seam Class LS (Lapped) (Continued)

	T	T	7
I.Sak	LSet	LSbb	LSbk
LSa1	LSau	LSbe	LSb1
LSan .	LSav	LSbd	I.Stem
I.San	ISAN	LSbe	LSbn
I.Sap	ISax	LSof	LSbo
ISaq	LSay	LSbg	LSbp
ISar	LSas	LSSoh	
LSas	LSba		LSor

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Seam Class LS (Lapped) (Continued)

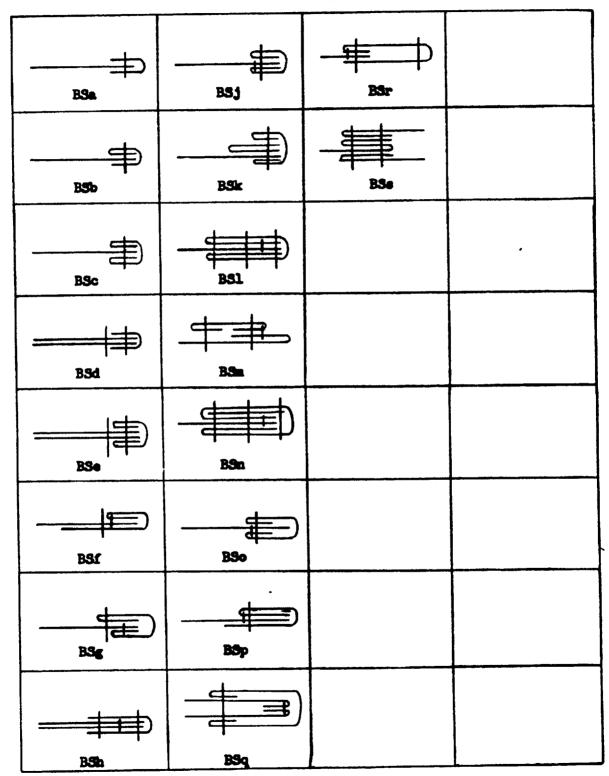
			1
LSbs	LSca	LSc.3	LScr
LSbt	LScb	LSek	LScs
1.5bu	LScc	LScl	LSct.
LSDov	LScd	1.500	LScu
LStow	LSce	1.5cm	LSev
	LSef	I.Sco	I.Scw
LSby	LSeg	LScp	LSex
LStoz	LSch	LSeq.	LScy

Seam Class LS (Lapped) (Continued)

L9os		
LSda	·	
L9db		
Lindo	·	
1.544		
•		

12

Seam Class BS (Bound)



Seam Class FS (Flat)

PSa PSa		
750	FOE	
780		
P8a		

The

Stitching Class OS (Ornamental)

	OS •	
	OSg	
OS4	OSh.	

Stitching Class EF (Edge Finishing)

EPa -	E ;	F:	# RFaa
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	EFk	SPt SPt	
EFe		# EFu	EPec
⊖ EFd			#Fed
——————————————————————————————————————		EPW	
EP1	#	₩x	
EP8	EFq.	Ey Ey	
	2572	# T	 Fah

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PART I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Section 3. Characteristics of Seams and Stitchings

- 3.1 The characteristics of a properly constructed seam or stitching are strength, elasticity, durability, security, and appearance. These characteristics must be balanced with the properties of the material to be joined to form the optimum seam. The end use of the item will govern the relative importance of these characteristics, and the selection of the seam or stitching type and stitch type should be based upon these considerations.
- 3.1.1 Strength. The strength of the seam or stitching should equal that of the material it joins in order to have balanced construction that will withstand the forces encountered in the use of the item of which the seam is a part. The elements affecting the strength of a seam or stitching are:
 - (a) Stitch type.
 - (b) Thread strength.
 - (o) Stitches per inch.
 - (d) Thread tension.
 - (e) Seam or stitching type.
 - (f) Seam efficiency of the material.
- 3.1.2 Elasticity. The elasticity of a seam or stitching should be slightly greater than that of the material which it joins, so that the material will support its share of the forces encountered in the end use of the sewn item. The elasticity of a seam or stitching depends upon:
 - (a) Stitch type.
 - (b) Thread elasticity.
- 3.1.3 Durability. The durability of a seam or stitching depends largely upon its strength and the relation between the elasticity of the seam and the elasticity of the material. However, in the less elastic, tightly woven, dense materials there is a tendency for the plies to "work" or slide on each other. To form a durable seam or stitching in such materials, the

thread size must be judiciously chosen and the stitches well set to the material (without undue tension which will unbalance the elasticity and cause puckering) to minimize abrasion and wear by contact with outside agencies.

3.1.4 Security. The security of a seam or stitching depends chiefly upon the stitch type and its susceptibility to become unraveled. The stitch must be well set to the material to prevent snagging which can cause rupture of the thread and unraveling of certain of the stitch types.

3.1.5 Appearance. The appearance of a seam or stitching generally is governed by the proper relationship between the size and type of thread, the length of stitch or number of stitches per inch, and the texture and weight of the fabric.

In addition to this relationship, the technique and skill of the sewing machine operators also govern the appearance of the seams and stitchings. Some of the factors which will adversely affect the appearance are as follows:

Stitch defects

Loose stitches.
Poorly formed stitches.
Crowded stitches.
Tight stitches.
Crooked stitches.
Skipped stitches.

Seam and stitching defects

Puckers.
Twists.
Plaits
Undulations.
Run-offs (raised seams).
Raw edges exposed (felled seams).

PART L GENERAL INFORMATION

Section 4. Guide for the Use of Stitches, Seams, and Stitchings

4.1 The following table illustrates a general application of the various types of stitches, seams, and stitchings to typical operations.

, Seem type	Operation	Types of standard stitches stiftable
Superimposed seams		
88a-1	Seaming (bags, jute, cotton)	101, 10 4, 3 01, 4 01.
	Basting.	101.
	Beaming (straight)	801, 401.
	Scaming (signag)	
	Seaming (overedge)	501 to 518.
	Seaming (using waxed thread)	101, 201, 301.
58a-3	Seaming and serging	301, 401, 501 to 507, 602, 518 to 519.
38b-1 and 88b-2	Seaming (straight)	801, 401, 802, 402.
55U-1 and 56U-3	Beaming (where similar stitch is essential on both surfaces).	301.
88c-1 and 88c-2	Beaming	301, 401, 302, 402.
88d-1	Beaming	801, 401.
88e-2 and 88e-3	Seaming and edge finishing	801, 401, 802, 402
500-2 dua 600-0	Making culfs, collars, etc., and edge stitching on coats and shoes.	332, 333, 333, 332
88/-8	Taping or staying	801, 401.
88b-2		302, 402, 406.
88i-1	I .	
88k-1	Seaming and cording	•
B 81 -1	Seaming	
86m-1	Seaming or feiling, where a blind stitch is required	
	Padding lapels, felling tapes, etc	
68n-1	Beaming	101, 301, 401.
88p-1	Seaming	
88q-2 and 88q-3	1 —	1 '
88e-1	Beaming	
88e-1 and 88e-2		
88t-2 to 88t-4		1 '
88u-2 to 88u-4		
88u-2	1 ==	
88v–1 to 88v–8		
88 w-2		
88x-2		
88 y-2		
88 :-3		
88aa-1		
88ab-1		301.
88ao-8		
88ad-8		1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
88ae-2 and 88ae-3	. Seaming.	
86a1-3	Beaming and staying	
66ag-3	Beaming and staying	301, 401.
88ah-3 and 88ah-4	. Seaming	
88aj-3	Beaming	1 -
88ak-1		
88al-2	.	
SSam-2	1	1
88en-2		1
6840-2		1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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Seem type	Operation	Types of standard stitches suitab
Superimposed seams—Con.		
SSap-3	Seaming	801, 401.
Baq-3	Seaming	801, 401.
Ser-3	Attaching end of left fly lining to crotch seam	301, 401.
88ag-4	Attaching buttonhole strips	301, 401.
Bet-2	Attaching buttonhole strips	801, 401.
Bau-2	Staying.	301, 401.
18av-2	Seaming and welting	301, 401.
8aw-2	Seaming and welting	
8ax-2	Seaming and welting	801, 401, 504.
8ay-2	Making waistbands	801, 401.
8es-1	Seaming neckties	104.
8ba-8	Book seaming	103 and 301 or 401.
8bb-8	Seaming and staying	
8bo-1	Attaching interlining to cuff	108, 306.
8bd-1	Seaming	30 1, 4 01.
8be-2.	Seaming and edge finishing	801, 306, 401.
8bf-3	Seaming and welting	801,401 .
8bg-8	Seaming and welting	
8bh-8	Seaming and working.	
500-0	Somming	801,401.
Lapped seams		
Se-1	Seaming knitted materials or underwear and similar garments.	602, 608, 604, 605.
Sa-1 and LSa-2	Seaming	301, 401, 402, 406, 407.
	Seaming (using waxed thread)	101, 201, 801 .
8b-1 and L8b-2	Seaming	801, 401, 402, 406.
80-1 to L80-4	Seaming	301, 401.
8d-1 to L8d-3	Attaching pieces to body of material.	301, 304, 401.
Se-1 to LSe-3		801, 4 01.
8f-1 and L8f-2	Seaming	301, 401.
8g-2 to L8g-4		801, 401.
Bj-2 and LSj-4		301 , 401 .
Sk-2 and LSk-4.		301, 401.
81-2 and LS1-4	Facing and seaming (center plaits, stays, etc.)	801, 401.
8m-2 and L8m-4		101, 301, 401.
Sn-1	Facing (center plaits, stays, etc.)	801, 401.
8p-2 and L8p-4		301, 401.
8q-2 and L8q-3		201, 301, 401.
8r-2	Seaming	301, 401.
Se-2	Seaming	301, 401.
8t_2	Seaming	801, 401.
8u-2	Seaming	301, 401.
8v-2	Facing and staying	8 01, 4 01.
6w-4	Joining band (plain, elastic, etc.)	801, 401.
Sx-2 and LSx-3	Seaming	
Sy-2 and LSy-3	Seaming	801, 401.
Bs-3 and LBs-4	Seaming	801, 401.
	· ·	801 , 401 .
Sea-8	Seaming	301, 401.
8ab-3 and L8ab-4	Banding	301, 401 .
Sac-2	Facing and binding	301, 401.
8ad-2	Facing and binding	801, 401.
8ac-1	Undersewing cushion	301, 401.
8a1-2	Staying automobile quarters	801, 401.
Sag-2	Staying automobile quarters	801, 401 .
Sah-1	Seaming	301, 401.
8aj-1	Seaming	801, 401.



Веаль Туро	Operation.	Types of standard stitches suitable
Lapped seams—Continued		
LSa1-2 and LSa1-4	Facing (center plaits, stays, etc.)	301, 401.
Sam-2 and LSam-4	Facing (center plaits, stays, etc.)	301, 401.
San-2 and LSan-4	Facing (center plaits, stays, etc.)	301, 401.
Sap-1	Finishing.	801, 401.
-Saq-1	Pinishing	301, 401.
Ser-2 to LSer-4	Facing and seaming	301, 401.
Ses-2	Seaming and gathering	
LSat-2	Seaming and staying	801, 401.
Sau-2 to LSau-4	Beaming	301, 401.
Sav-4	Seaming and reinforcing	801, 401.
8aw-3	Seaming	301, 401.
Sax-4	Seaming	301, 401.
.Say-4	Sewing-on band with elastic	801, 401.
Sas-4	Seaming and staying	
LSba-2	Seaming	301, 401.
&bb-4	Seaming and staying	101, 301, 401.
She-2 to LSbe-4	Facing.	301, 401.
8bd-2	Seaming	801, 401.
L8be-2	Seaming	801, 401.
8b/-2 to L8b/-4	Binding (center plait)	
Sbg-1	Seaming.	301, 401. 301, 401.
LSbh-1 and LSbh-2	Binding, inserting tape between binding and body material.	
&Bj-1	Attaching pieces to body material	301, 401.
LSbk-2	Attaching pieces to body material	301, 401.
(8bl-2	Attaching pocket flaps and belt loops	301, 401.
LSbm-3 and LSbm-4	Seaming	301, 401.
L8bn-2	Seaming	
L8bo-3	Seaming	301, 401.
L8bp-2	Joining yoke to shirt	301, 401.
L8bq-2	Joining yoke to shirt in loosely woven material	301, 401.
L8br-8	Seaming.	301, 401.
L8be-1	Attaching slide fasteners	. 301, 401. . 801, 401.
L8bt-2		301, 401.
L8bu-2		901 401
L8bv-3		801, 401.
L8bw-3		. 301, 401. . 301, 401.
L8bx-2	Forming welt on set-in pockets	301, 401.
L8by-2	Forming pocket welts	301, 401.
L8ba-2		301, 401.
L8ca-2	Forming pocket welts	
L8eb-2		
L800–2	Top edge of hip pocket	
L8ce-2		301, 401.
L8c(-2		301, 401.
L8or-2	1	301, 401.
L8ch-2	1	301, 401.
LScj–3 LScj–3		801, 401.
~ ~ _		801, 401.
LSck–3 LScl–3		801, 401.
	L	801, 401.
LSom-8	1	301, 401.
L8cn-3		801, 401.
LSoo-4	1	801, 401.
L8cp-4	1	301, 401.
L809-4	_ Attaching cuits, waistdangs of collars	- i onti zor

Beem type	Operation	Types of standard stitutus suitable
Lapped seams—Continued		
L8cr-4	Attaching cuffs, waisthands or collars	801, 401.
.Soe-3	Attaching left fly to trouser fronts	3 01, 4 01.
-Bet-2	Attaching waistband linings.	801, 401.
8eu-2	Finishing bottoms of caps	301, 401.
&cv-8	Seaming ourtains on waistbands	801, 401.
8cw-3	Making sewn-on belts or bands	801, 401.
.Sex-3	Making sewn-on belts or bands	301, 401.
Scy-3	Seaming and staying	3 01, 401.
8cs-3	Seaming	301, 401.
8ds-2	Making flag headings	301, 401.
.5db-2	Facing	801, 401 .
.8do-8	Trouser crotch seam	301, 401 .
.Bdd-2	Cut-on shirt front	301, 401.
Bound seems		
88a-1 and B8a-2	Binding, bound seaming	801, 401, 804, 404, 406.
86b-1 and B8b-2	Binding, bound seaming	801, 401, 804, 404.
38c-1 and B8c-2	Binding, bound seaming	301 , 401 , 304 , 404 .
88d-2	Seaming and binding	801, 401.
88 0- 2	Seaming and binding	801, 401.
384-2	Seaming and binding	801, 401.
88g-2	Seaming and binding	801, 401.
38b-8	Seaming and binding	3 01, 4 01.
X81-2.	Binding, bound seaming	301, 304, 401, 404, 406.
38k-1	Binding and welting	801, 401.
369-4	Binding flag headings	801, 401.
36m-8	Facing pockets	301, 401.
38n-4.	Binding flag headings	801, 401.
380-3	Binding, bound seaming	301 , 304 , 401 , 404 , 406 .
36p-2	Making pocket welts	801 , 401.
36g-2	Seaming and binding	801, 401.
88r-2 and B8r-4	Seaming and binding	
186-2	Binding flag beadings	301, 401.
Plat seams	District and assume	
FBe-1	Seaming	804, 404, 606, 607.
	Attaching collars, cuffs, borders, etc. to knitted	602, 608, 606.
	articles.	
nou	Attaching edging, lace, etc	601, 602, 608.
P8b-1	Beaming	304, 602, 603, 606.
P8o-1	Beaming.	804, 404.
78d-8	Seaming and staying.	804, 404.
PBe-1	Seaming and staying	804, 404.
78 /-1	Hosiery toe closing	521.
	Seaming fur polts, or seaming with over edge stitching where a flat butted seam is desired.	501 thru 505.
Ornamental etitching		
30. 4 4 6 5		
OSa-1 to OSa-3	Ornamental	101, 102, 104, 201, 203, 20
		301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 30
D 6 b-1	Cording	807, 309, 310, 311, 312, 40 403, 404, 405, 406. 102, 302, 408, 406.



Вона турь	Operation	Types of standard stitches suitable
Ornamental stitching—Con.		
08d-2 and 08d-3	Cording	101, 301, 401.
O S- 1	Tucking or plaiting	101, 301, 401.
08/-1	Tucking and mock seaming	101, 201, 401.
06e-8	Making box or inverted plait	301, 401.
O6b-\$	Welting	801, 401 .
Edge finishing		
EFa-1 and EFa-2	Hemming (one fold)	101, 102, 301, 302, 401, 402, 406.
EFb-1 and EFb-2	Hemming (two folds)	101, 201, 401, 402, 406.
EFo-1	Blind hemming (woven)	301.
	Blind hemming (knit)	301, 401, 502, 503, 505.
EPd-1	Edge finishing (serging)	502, 503, 504, 505.
	Ornamental edge finishing	304, 502, 503, 504, 505, 601, 603, 604, 605, 607.
EFe-1	Ornamental edge finishing (zigsag)	304, 404.
EFY-1	Hemming with elastic tape	101, 301, 401.
EFg-2	Hemming with elastic tape	101, 301, 401.
EFb-1	Making loops or straps	406.
EFj-1 and EFj-3	Making strape	301, 401 .
	Making strape (using waxed thread)	101, 30 1.
EFk-2 and EFk-4	Cut-on center plait (shirt fronts)	301, 40 1.
em-1	Blind hemming	103, 301, 306, 401, 502, 503.
E Pm-1	Blind hemming	103, 801, 306, 401, 502, 503.
EFn-2 and EFn-4	Making straps or loops	301, 401.
EFp-1 and EFp-2	Making straps or loops	301, 4 01.
E Fq-2	Inserting elastic in hems	301, 401.
EFr-2	Inserting elastic in hems	801, 401 .
EF=-2	Making straps or loops	301, 401 .
EFt-2 and EFt-4	Hemming shirt fronts	801, 401.
EFu-1	Making drawstrings or loops	801, 401.
EFv-2 and EFv-4	Cut-on center plait (shirt fronts)	301, 401.
E Fw- 1	Hemming (three folds)	101, 301, 401, 402, 406.
E Fx-1	Hemming	101, 301, 401, 402, 406.
EFy-1 and EFy-3	Making straps or loops	301, 401, 406 .
EFs-1 and EFs-2	Making straps or loops	301, 401, 406 .
EFaa-1 and EFaa-2	Making strape or loops	301, 401, 406.
EFab-1	Hemming	502, 503, 504, 505.
EFac-2	Making straps or loops	801, 4 01.
EFad-2	Making straps or loops	301, 401.
EFac-2	Making straps or loops	103.
EFaf-2	Edge finishing	501, 502, 503, 504, 505.
EFag-2	Edge finishing	501, 502, 503, 504, 505.
EFah-1	Hemming	301, 401.

PART II. REQUIREMENTS

Section 1. Stitches

1.1 Stitches. Stitches are divided into seven classes which are identified by the first digit of three digit numerals. Each class is divided into several types which are identified by the second and third digit. All stitch types shall conform to the drawings unless otherwise specified.

1.1.1 Stitch class 100. This class of stitch shall be formed with one or more needle threads and has for its general characteristic interlooping. A loop or loops of thread or threads shall be passed through the material and secured by interlooping with succeeding loop or loops, after they are passed through the material, to form a stitch.

1.1.2 Stitch class 200. This class of stitch shall be formed by hand with one or more needle threads and has for a general characteristic that each thread passes through the material as a single line of thread and the stitch is secured by the single line of thread passing in and out of the material or interlooping of the threads with themselves. When more than one thread is used, the threads pass through the same perforations in the material.

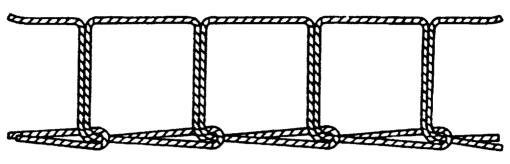
1.1.3 Stitch class 300. This class of stitch shall be formed with two or more groups of threads and has for a general characteristic, the interlacing of the two groups. Loops of the first group are passed through the material where they are secured by the thread or threads of the second group to form a stitch.

1.1.4 Stitch class 400. This class of stitch shall be formed with two or more groups of threads and has for a general characteristic the interlacing and interlooping of the loops of the two groups. Loops of the first group of threads are passed through the material and are secured by interlacing and interlooping with loops of the second group to form a stitch.

1.1.5 Stitch class 500. This class of stitch shall be formed with one or more groups of thread, and has for a general characteristic that loops from at least one group of thread shall pass around the edge of the material. Loops of one group of thread are passed through the material and are secured by interlooping with themselves before succeeding loops are passed through the material, or secured by interlooping with loops of one or more interlooped groups of threads before succeeding loops of the first group are again passed through the material.

1.1.6 Stitch class 600. This class of stitch shall be formed with two or more groups of threads, and has for a general characteristic that two of the groups cover the raw edges of both surfaces of the material. Loops of the first group of thread are passed through loops of the third group already cast on the surface of the material and then through the material where they are interlooped with loops of the second group of thread on the underside of the material. The one exception to this procedure is stitch type 601 where only two groups of thread are used and the function of the third group is performed by one of the threads in the first group.

1.1.7 Stitch class 700. This class of stitch shall be formed with a single continuous needle thread and has for a general characteristic that at the penetration of the first stitch a portion of the needle thread shall be wound onto a reel in the lower mechanism of the machine. The stitches shall be formed by interlacing the needle thread with the thread wound on the reel. The interlacing of this stitch class, except for the initial stitch, shall be identical to that of stitch class 300.



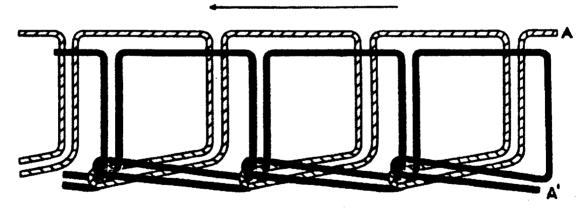
Stitch type 101

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread which shall be passed through

the material and interlooped with itself on the undersurface of the material.

Stitch Type 162 January 25, 1965

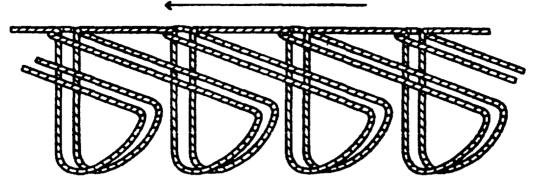
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 102

This type of stitch shall be formed with two needle threads A and A'. Both threads shall be passed through the material and thread A'

shall be interlooped with itself and with thread A.

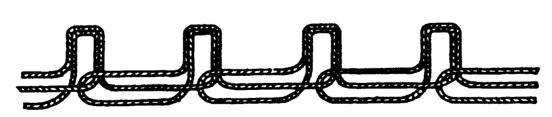


Stitch type 103

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread, which shall interloop with itself on the top surface of the material. The thread shall be passed through the top ply and horizontally through portions of the bottom ply without penetrating it the full depth.

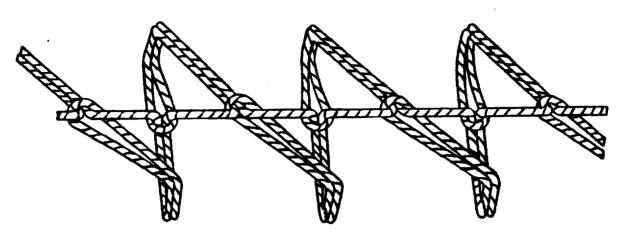
Stitch Type 104 January 25, 1965

DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 104

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread which shall interloop with itself on the undersurface of the material.

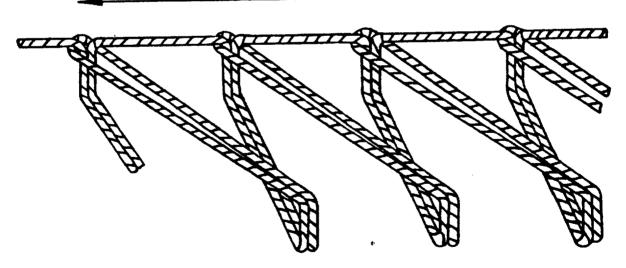


Stitch type 105

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread which shall be passed through the top ply of material and through portions of the bottom ply without penetrating it the full depth, on either side of a center line. The thread shall interloop with itself on the surface of the material at the center line.

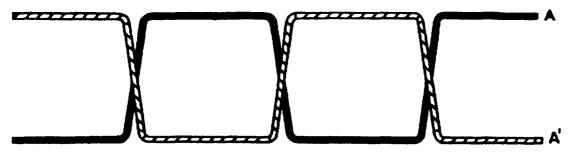
Stitch Type 106 January 25, 1965

DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 106

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread which shall be passed through the top ply of the material and through portions of the bottom ply without penetrating it the full depth, and interloop with itself on the surface of the material.

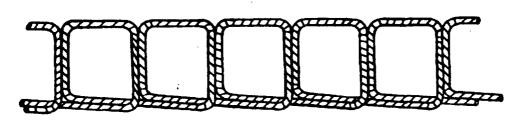


Stitch type 201

This type of stitch shall be formed with two needle threads, A and A', which shall be passed through the material in the same perforations from opposite directions without interlacing or interlooping.

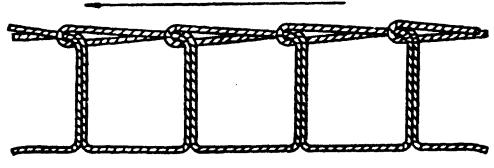
Stitch Type 203 January 25, 1965

DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 202

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread, which shall be passed through the material brought forward two stitch lengths, passed back through the material and brought back one stitch length before being passed through the material a third time.



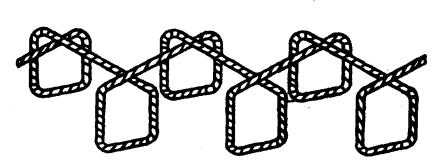
Stitch type 203

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread, which shall be passed through the material from the underside and immediately passed back through the same perforation to form a loop on the surface of the material.

The needle shall be advanced one stitch length, passed through the material and the loop and immediately passed back through the loop and the same needle perforation, and a new loop shall be formed to receive the succeeding stitch.

Stitch Type 204 January 25, 1965

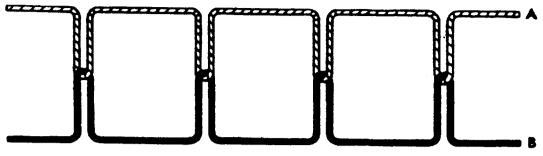
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 204

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread, which shall be passed through the material and brought back one stitch length and then passed back up through the material. The needle shall be moved diagonally across the material and forward one stitch length,

passed through the material, brought back one stitch length and again passed to the surface of the material. This process shall be repeated to form a crisscross pattern of stitches on the surface and parallel rows of separated and off-set stitches on the underside of the material.



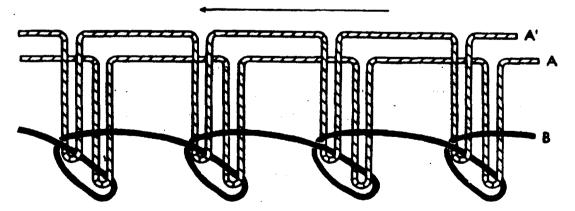
Stitch type 301

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one bobbin thread, B. A loop of thread A shall be passed through the material and interlaced with thread

B. Thread A shall be pulled back so that the interlacing shall be midway between surfaces of the material or materials being sewn.

Stitch Type 362 January 25, 1965

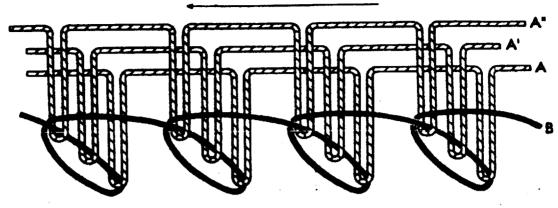
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 302

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of threads A and A'

shall be passed through the material and interlaced with thread B. The interlacings shall be on the underside of the material.



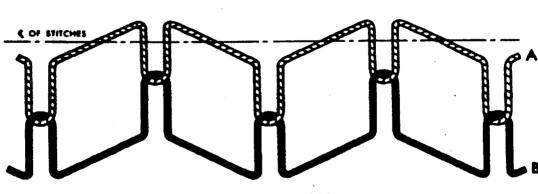
Stitch type 303

This type of stitch shall be formed with four threads: three needle threads, A and A' and A", and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of threads A,

A' and A" shall be passed through the material and interlaced with thread B. The interlacings shall be on the underside of the material.

Stitch Type 304 January 25, 1965

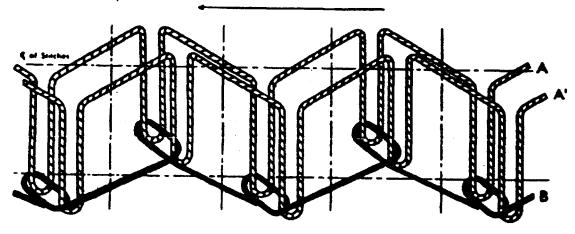
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 304

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one bobbin thread, B. This stitch type is exactly the same

as stitch type 301 except that successive single stitches form a symmetrical zigzag pattern.



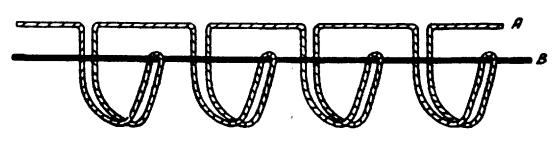
Stitch type 305

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material and inter-

laced with thread B and the interlacing shall be left on the underside of the material. Successive single stitches form a symmetrical zigzag pattern.

Stitch Type 306 January 25, 1965

DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION

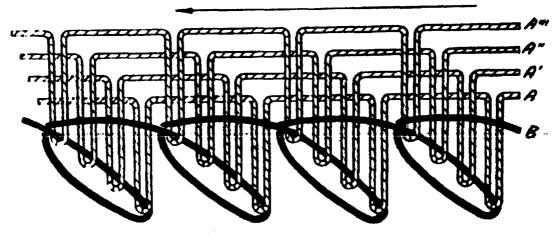


Stitch type 306

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of thread A shall be passed through the top ply of material and horizon-

tally through portions of the bottom ply without penetrating it the full depth and shall be interlaced with thread B on the top surface of the bottom ply of material.





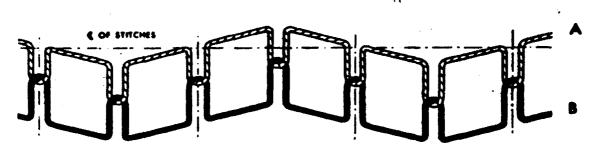
Stitch type 307

This type of stitch shall be formed with five threads: four needle threads, A, A', A'', A''', and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of threads A,

A', A", A", shall be passed through the material and interlaced with thread B. The interlacings shall be on the underside of the material.

Stitch Type 208 January 25, 1965

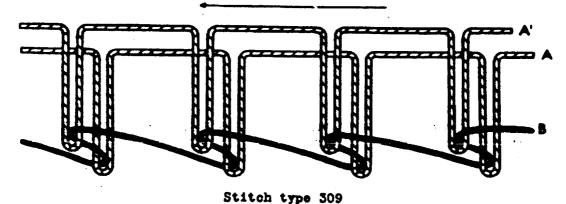
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 308

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one bobbin thread, B. This stitch type is the same as

stitch type 304 except that successive pairs of stitches form a symmetrical zigzag pattern.

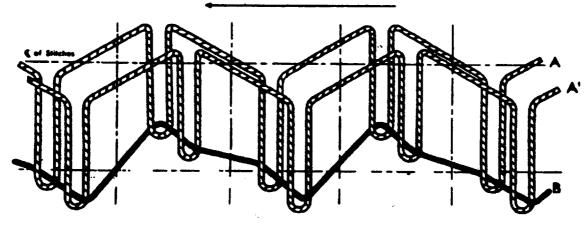


This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads; two needle threads, A and A', and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of threads

A and A' shall be passed through the material and interlaced with thread B. The interlacings shall be left on the underside of the material.

Stitch Type 316 January 25, 1965

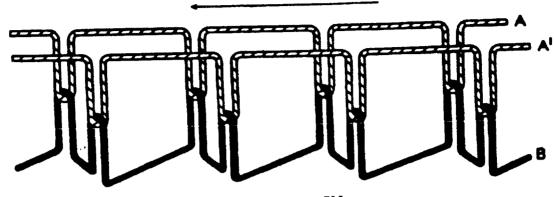
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 310

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material and inter-

laced with thread B, and the interlacings shall be left on the underside of the material. Successive single stitches form a symmetrical zigzag pattern.



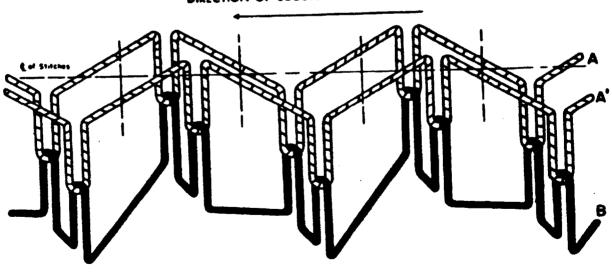
Stitch type 311

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material and inter-

laced with thread B. Threads A and A' shall be pulled back so that the interlacings shall be midway between surfaces of the material or materials being sewn.

Stitch Type 312 January 25, 1965

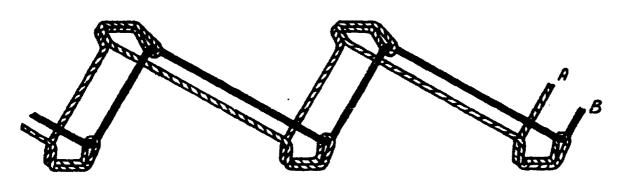
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 512

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one bobbin thread, B. This stitch type is exactly

the same as stitch type 311 except that successive single stitches form a symmetrical zigzag pattern.

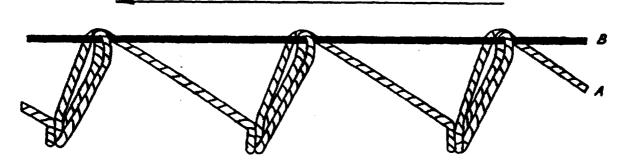


Stitch type 313

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of thread A shall be passed horizontally through portions of both plies of material without penetrating the full depth, and shall be interlaced with thread B on the top of the material.

Stitch Type 314 January 25, 1965

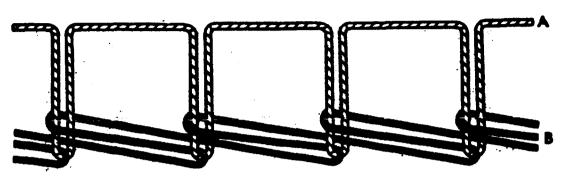
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 314

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one bobbin thread, B. Loops of thread A shall be passed through the top ply of material and horizontally through portions of the bottom ply without penetrating the full depth and shall be interlaced with thread B on the top of the material.



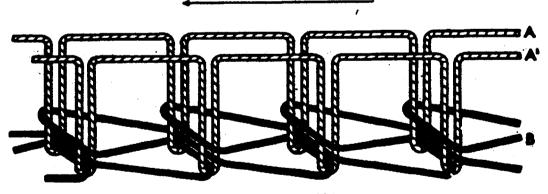


Stitch type 401

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one looper thread, B. Loops of thread A shall be passed through the material and interlaced and interlooped with loops of thread B. The interloopings shall be drawn against the underside of the bottom ply of material.

Stitch Type 465 January 25, 1965

DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION

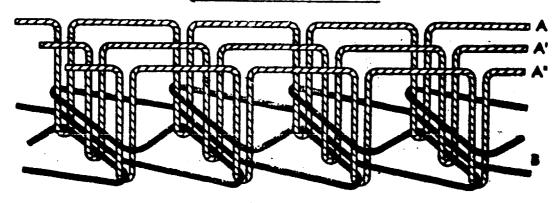


Stitch type 402

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads A and A' and one looper thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material and inter-

laced and interlooped with loops of thread B. The interloopings shall be drawn against the underside of the material.

FED. STD. NO. 161a



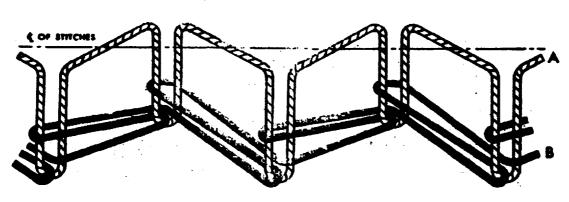
Stitch type 403

This type of stitch shall be formed with four threads: three needle threads, A, A' and A" and one looper thread, B. Loops of threads A, A' and A" shall be passed through the ma-

terial and interlaced and interlooped with loops of thread B. The interloopings shall be drawn against the underside of the material.

> Stitck Type 404 January 25, 1965

DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION

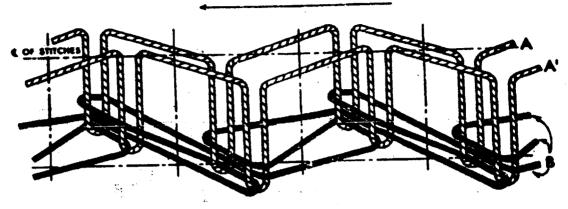


Stitch type 404

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one larger thread, B. This stitch is the same as stitch

type 401 except that successive single stitches form a symmetrical zigzag pattern.

FED. STD. NO. 751e

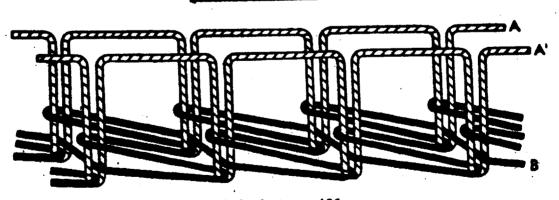


Stitch type 405

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one looper thread, B. This stitch is the same as stitch type 402 except that successive stitches form a symmetrical zigzag pattern.

Stitch Type 444 January 25, 1965

DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION

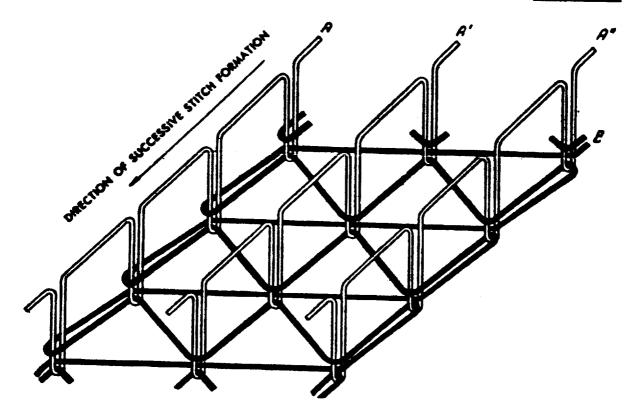


Stitch type 406

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A' and one looper thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material and

interlaced and interlooped with loops of thread B. The interloopings shall be drawn against the underside of the material.

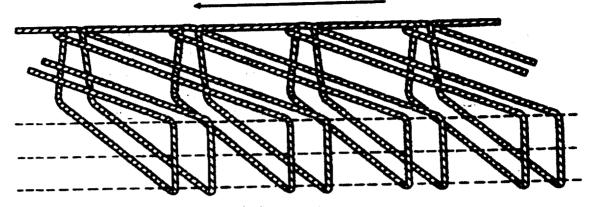
PED, STD. NO. 1614



Stitch type 407

This type of stitch shall be formed with four threads: three needle threads A, A', and A'' and one looper thread, B. Loops of threads

A, A', and A" shall be passed through the material and shall be drawn against the underside of the material.

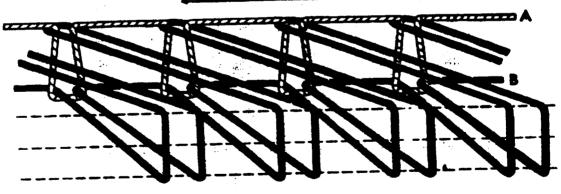


Stitch type 501

This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread which shall be passed through and around the edge of the material as a loop and interlooped with itself at the point of needle penetration of the stitch on the surface of the material.

> Stitch Type 503 January 25, 1965

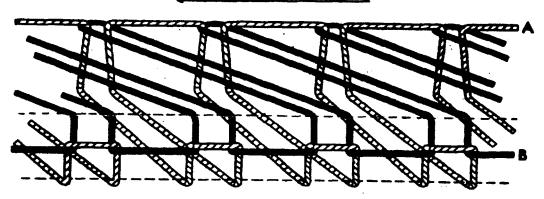
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



Stitch type 502

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one looper thread, B. Loops of thread A shall be passed through the material and interlooped with thread B at the point of penetration on the

underside of the material. Loops of thread B shall be brought around the edge of the material and interlooped with thread A at the next stitch on the surface of the material.



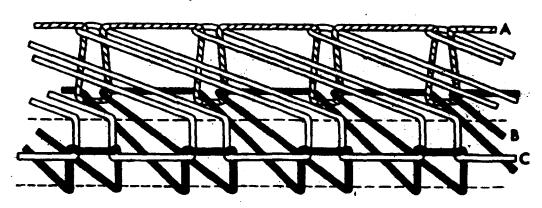
Stitch type 503

This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread, A, and one looper thread, B. Loops of thread A shall be passed through the material and brought to the edge where they shall be interlooped with thread B.

The loops of thread B shall be extended from this interlooping to the point of needle penetration of the next stitch and there interlooped with thread A.

> Stitch Type 504 January 25, 1965

DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



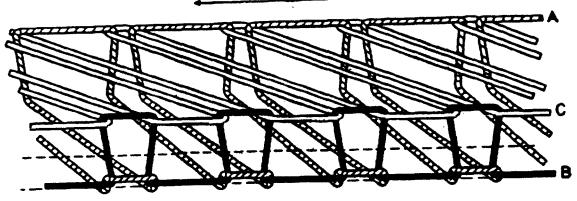
Stitch type 504

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: one needle thread, A; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loops of thread A shall be passed through the material and interlooped with loops of thread B at the point of penetration on the underside of the

material. The loops of thread B shall be extended to the edge of the material and there interlooped with loops of thread C. Loops of thread C shall be extended from this interlooping to the point of needle penetration of the next stitch and there interlooped with thread A.

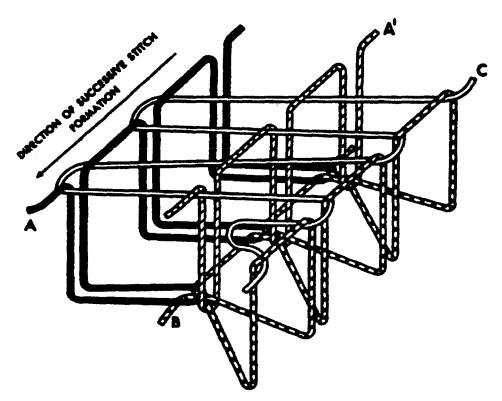
FED. STD. NO. 751a

X



Stitch type 505

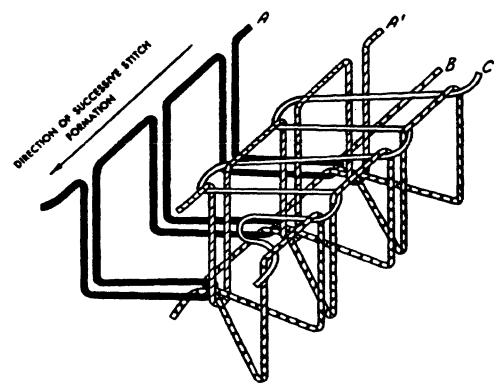
This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: one needle thread, A; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loops of thread A shall be passed through the material and extended to the edge where they shall be interlooped with loops of thread B. The loops of thread B shall be brought up to the top edge of the material and there interlooped with loops of thread C. The loops of thread C shall be extended to the point of needle penetration of the next stitch and there interlooped with thread A.



Stitch type 506

This type of stitch shall be formed with four threads: two needle threads, A and A'; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material and the loops of thread A shall be extended to the point of needle penetration of the loops of thread A'. Loops of threads A and A' shall be interlooped with

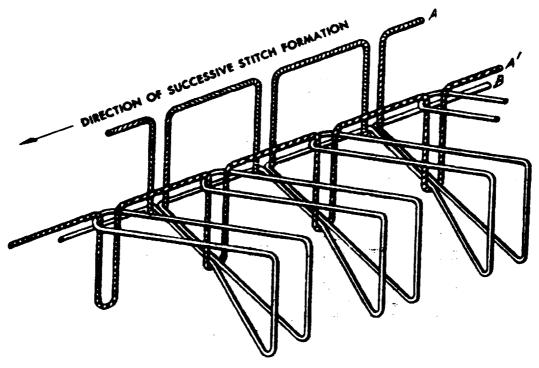
loops of thread B at this point. The loops of thread B shall be brought around the edge of the material and interlooped with loops of thread C. The loops of thread C shall be extended to the point of needle penetration of threads A and A', where they shall be entered by the next stitch of those threads.



Stitch type 507

This type of stitch shall be formed with four threads: two needle threads, A and A'; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material and the loops of thread A shall be extended to the point of needle penetration of the loops of thread A'. Loops of threads A and A' shall be interlooped with

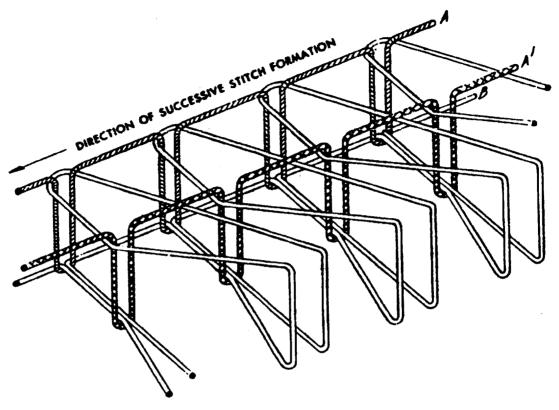
loops of thread B at this point. The loops of thread B shall be brought around the edge and interlooped with loops of thread C. The loops of thread C shall be extended to the point of needle penetration of thread A' at the next stitch where they shall be entered by loops of that thread.



Stitch type 508

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one looper thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material where they shall be interlooped at the lower point

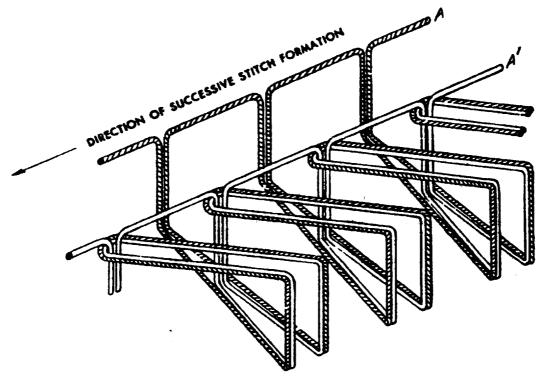
of penetration with thread B. Loops of thread B shall be brought around the edge of the material and interlooped with thread A' at the next stitch on the surface of the material.



Stitch type 509

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one looper thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material where they shall be interlooped at the lower point of

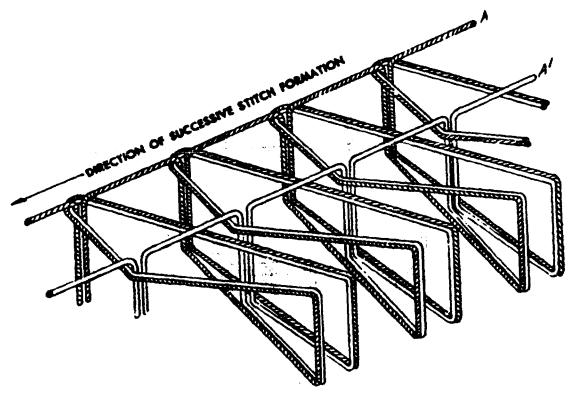
penetration with loops of thread B. Loops of thread B shall be brought around and cast on the surface of the material where they shall be entered by loops of threads A and A'.



Stitch type 510

This type of stitch shall be formed with two needle threads, A and A', which shall be passed through and around the edge to the surface of

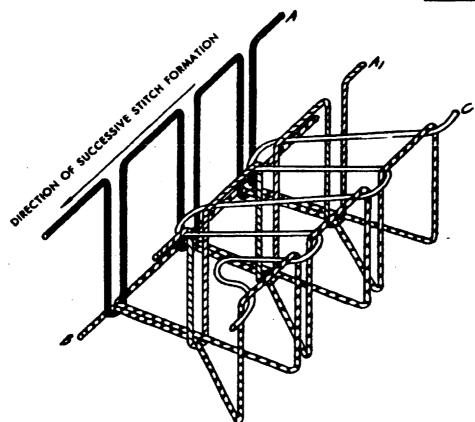
the material as loops and interlooped with thread A' at the point of needle penetration.



Stitch type 511

This type of stitch shall be formed with two needle threads, A and A'. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material, brought around the edge and cast on the upper

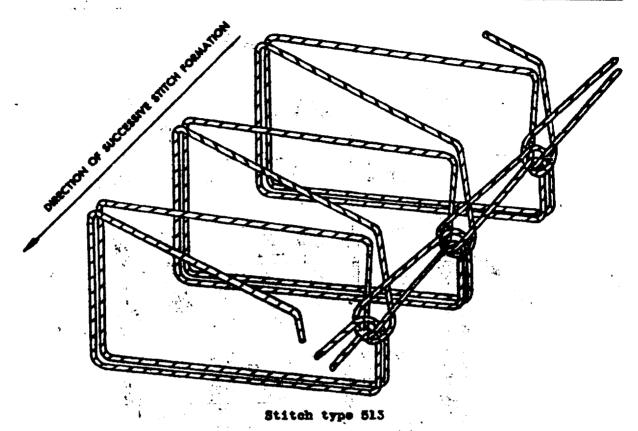
surface where they shall be entered by loops of themselves at the point of needle penetration of the next stitch.



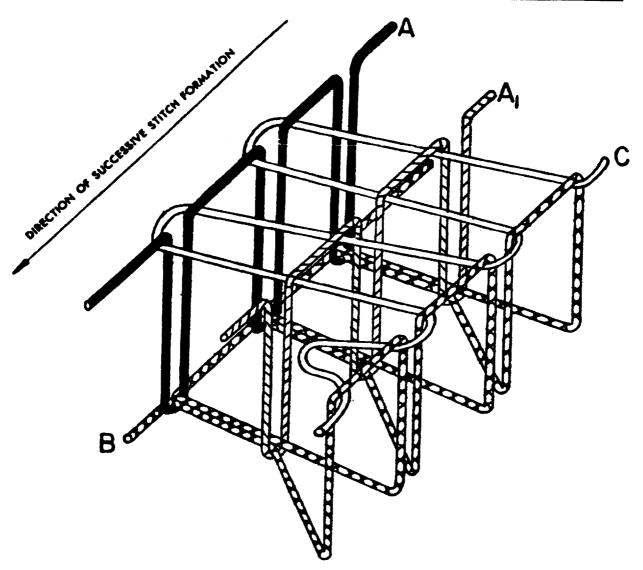
Stitch type 512

This type of stitch shall be formed with four threads: two needle threads, A and A'; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material where they shall be interlooped at the lower point of penetration with

thread B. The loops of thread B shall be brought around the edge and interlooped with loops of thread C. The loops of thread C shall be extended to the point of needle penetration of thread A' at the next stitch where they shall be entered by loops of that thread.



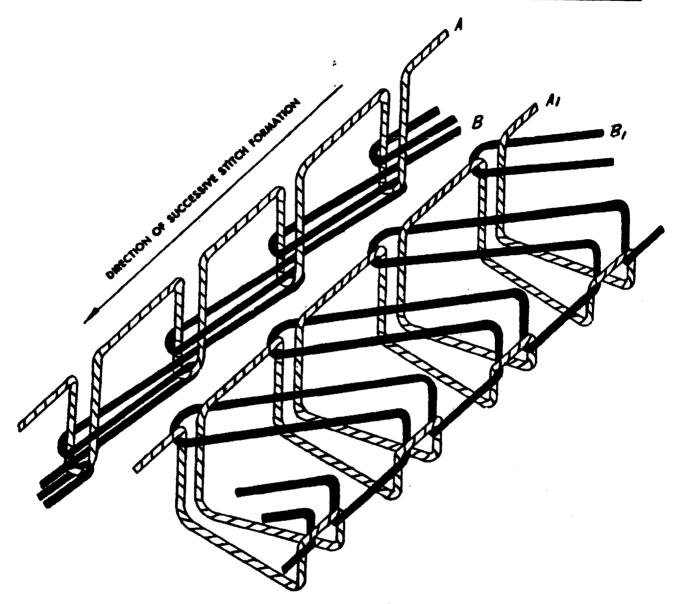
This type of stitch shall be formed with one needle thread which shall be passed through the material as a loop and brought to the edge, where it shall be passed through a loop formed by the previous stitch and a loop which has been drawn across the upper surface of the material.



Stitch type 514

This type of stitch shall be formed with four threads: two needle threads, A and A'; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material where they shall be interlooped at the lower point of penetration with lops of thread B. The loops of thread B shall

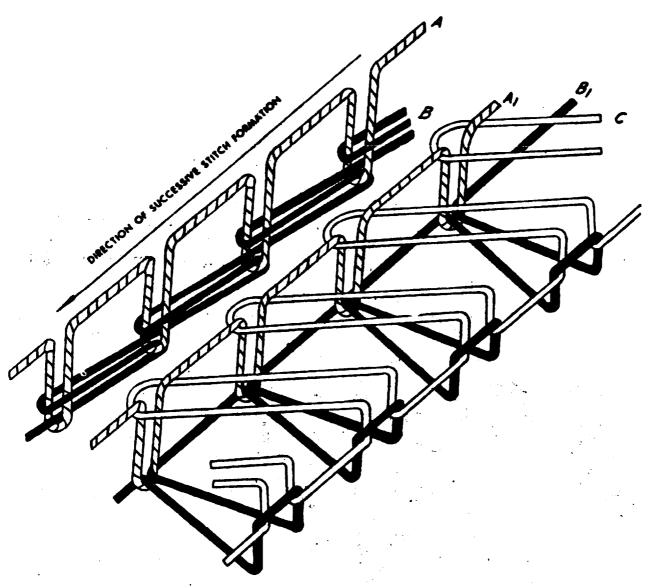
be brought around the edge of the material and interlooped with loops of thread C. The loops of thread C shall be extended to the point of needle penetration of threads A and A' at the next stitch where they shall be entered by loops of these threads.



Stitch type 515

This type of stitch shall be formed by simultaneously sewing one row of stitch 401 a specified distance from the edge of the material, and

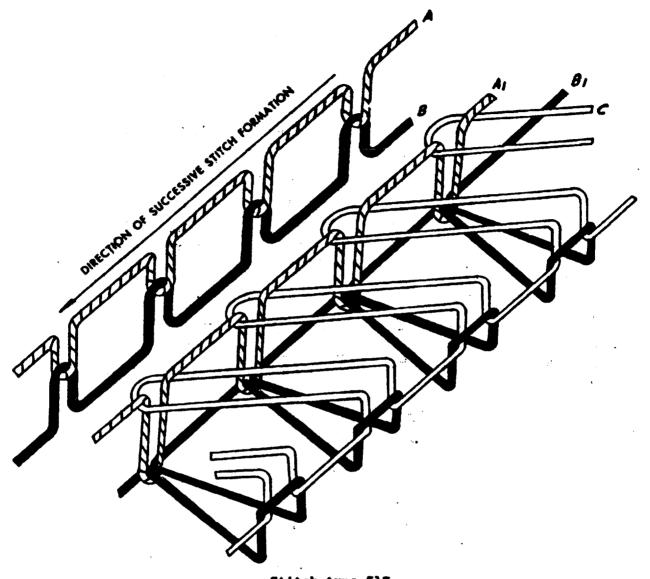
one row of stitch type 508 on the edge of the material.



Stitch type 516

This type of stitch shall be formed by simul- and one row of stitch type 504 on the edge of the taneously sewing one row of stitch type 401 a specified distance from the edge of the material,

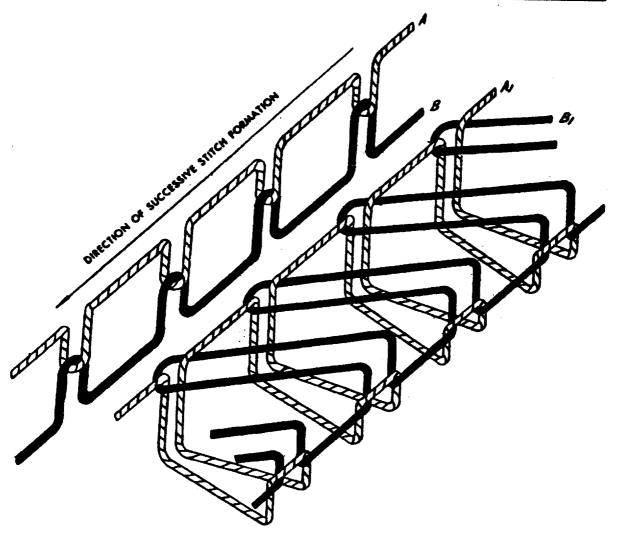
material.



Stitch type 517

This type of stitch shall be formed by simultaneously sewing one row of stitch type 801 a specified distance from the edge of the material,

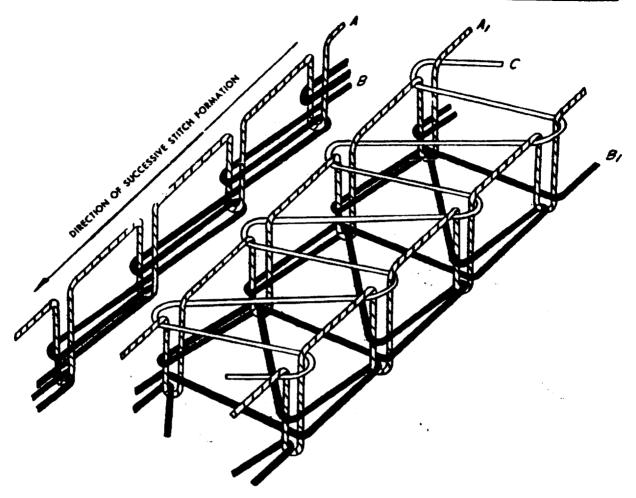
and one row of stitch type 504 on the edge of the material.



Stitch type 518

This type of stitch shall be formed by simultaneously sewing one row of stitch type 301

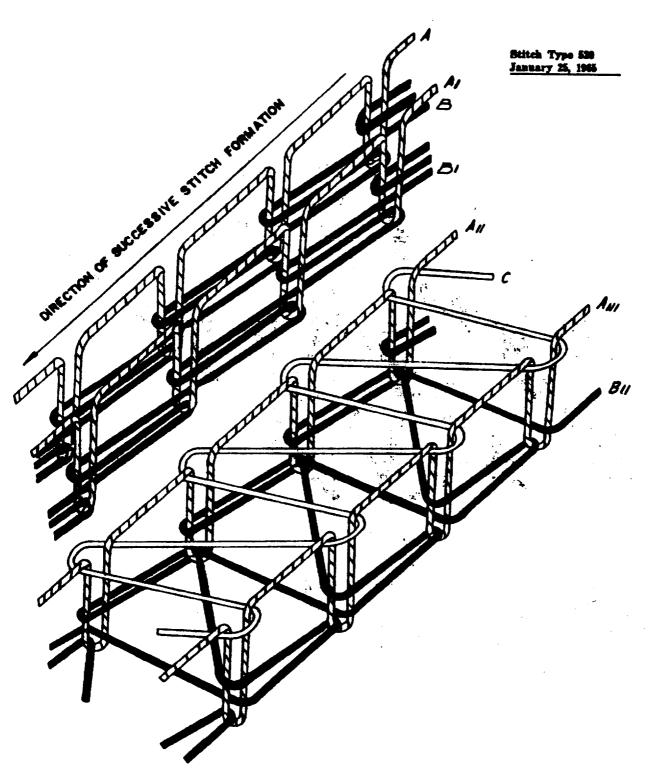
a specified distance from the edge, and one row of stitch type 503 on the edge of the material.



Stitch type 519

This type of stitch shall be formed by simultaneously sewing one row of stitch type 401 a specified distance from the edge of the material,

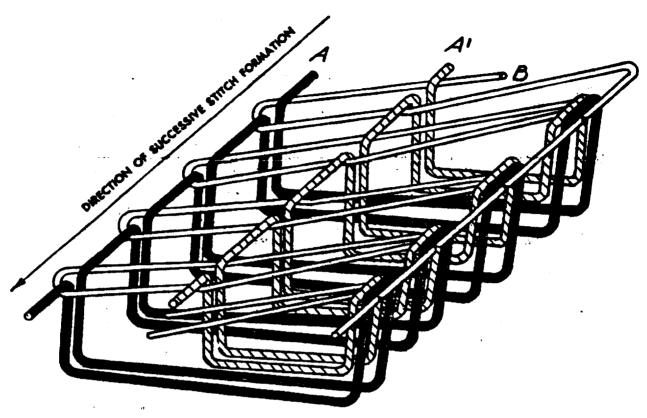
and one row of stitch type 602 on the edge of the material.



Stitch type 520

This type of stitch shall be formed by simultaneously sewing two rows of stitch type 401 a specified distance apart and a specified distance

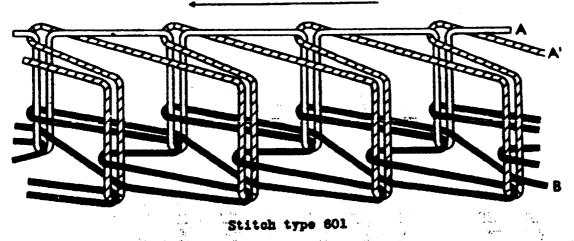
from the edge of the material, and one row of stitch type 602 on the edge of the material.



Stitch type 521

This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads: two needle threads, A and A', and one looper thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material, brought around the edge of the material and interlaced

there with thread B. The loops of thread B shall be extended from this interlacing to the points of needle penetration of threads A and A' where they shall be entered by the next stitch of those threads.

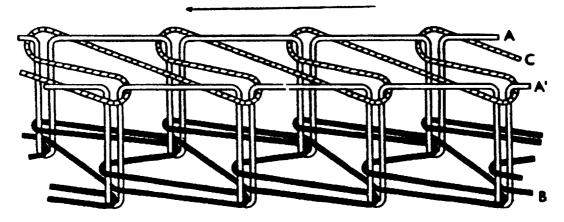


This type of stitch shall be formed with three threads; two needle threads, A and A', and one looper thread, B. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through the material where they shall be interlooped with thread B on the under-

side. Loops of thread A' shall be extended across the material to the point of needle penetration of the next stitch of thread A where they shall be entered by a loop of that thread as it enters the fabric to make the next stitch.

Stitch Type 662 January 25, 1965

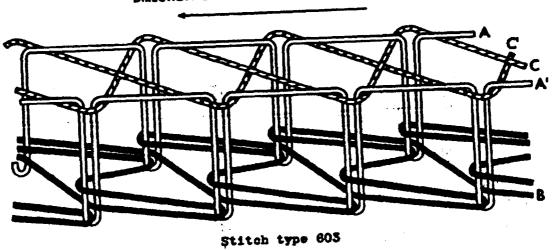
DIRECTION OF SUCCESSIVE STITCH FORMATION



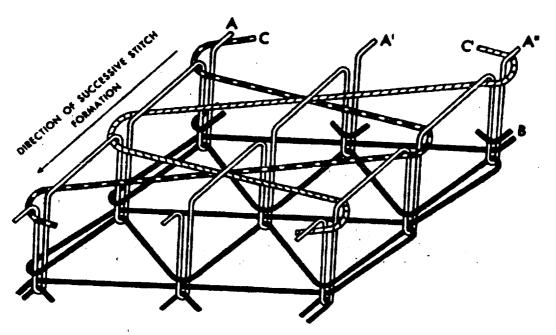
Stitch type 602

This type of stitch shall be formed with four threads: two needle threads, A and A'; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed

through loops of thread C already cast across the top surface of the material, and then through the material where they shall be interlooped with loops of thread B on the underside. 7



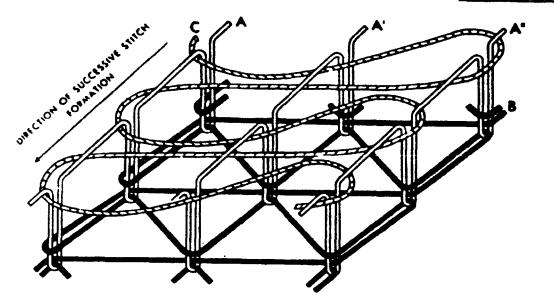
This type of stitch shall be formed with five threads: two needle threads, A and A'; one looper thread, B; and two cover threads, C and C'. Loops of threads A and A' shall be passed through loops of threads C and C' already cast across the surface of the material and then through the material and interlooped with loops of thread B on the underside of the material.



Stitch type 604

This type of stitch shall be formed with six threads: three needle threads, A, A' and A''; one looper thread, B; and two cover threads, C and C'. Loops of threads A, A' and A'' shall

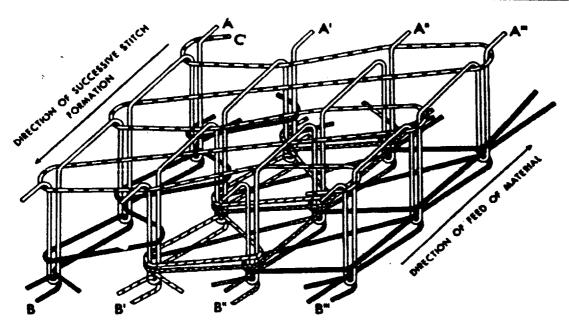
be passed through loops of threads C and C' already cast across the surface of the material, and then through the material where they shall be interlooped with thread B on the underside.



Stitch type 605

This type of stitch shall be formed with five threads: three needle threads, A, A', and A''; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loops of threads A, A', and A'' shall be passed

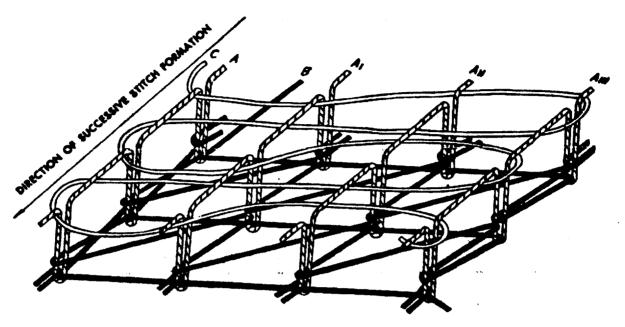
through loops of thread C already cast on the top surface of the material and then through the material where they shall be interlooped with loops of thread B on the underside.



Stitch type 606

This type of stitch shall be formed with nine threads: four needle threads, A, A', A'', and A'''; four looper threads, B, B', B'', and B'''; and one cover thread, C. Loops of threads A, A', A'', and A''' shall be passed through loops of thread C already cast on the top surface of

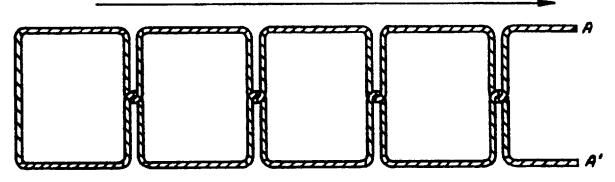
the material, and then through the material where they shall be interlooped with loops of the B threads on the underside as follows: A and A' with B; A' and A'' with B' and B''; A'' and A''' with B'''.



Stitch type 607

This type of stitch shall be formed with six threads: four needle threads, A, A', A", and A'"; one looper thread, B; and one cover thread, C. Loope of threads A, A', A", and A" shall

be passed through loops of thread C already cast on the surface of the material, and then through the material where they shall be interlooped with loops of thread B on the underside.



Stitch type 701

This type of stitch shall be formed with one continuous needle thread, which after the first needle penetration is divided into two parts: part one, needle thread A, and one reel thread, A'. In subsequent penetrations thread A is passed through the material and interlaced with

thread A'. Thread A shall be pulled up so that the interlacing is midway between the surfaces of the material or materials being sewn. This stitch type is identical to stitch type 301 except for the initial stitch.



PART II. REQUIREMENTS

Section 2. Seams

2.1 Seams. Seams are divided into four classes. The seams in each class are subdivided into types and are designated by symbols as follows:

Class of seam—two or more upper case letters.

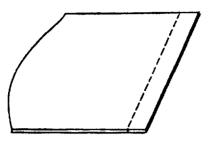
Types of the class—one or more lower case letters.

Number of raws of stitches—one or more arabic numerals.

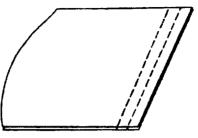
Example: The symbol for a simple superimposed seam type with one row of stitches is: SSa-1.

Generally most seam types can be produced using multiple rows of stitching. The symbol for the seam type will change with the number of rows of stitches: SSa-2, SSa-3, SSa-4, etc. All seam types shall conform to the applicable drawings unless otherwise specified.

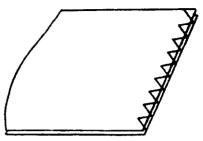
- 2.1.1 Seam class SS. This class of seam has for a general characteristic that the plies of material are superimposed and seamed with one or more rows of stitches.
- 2.1.2 Seam class LS. This class of seam has for a general characteristic that the plies of material are lapped and seamed with one or more rows of stitches.
- 2.1.3 Seam class BS. This class of seam has for a general characteristic that it is formed by folding a binding strip over the edge of one or more plies of material and seaming the binding strip to the material with one or more rows of stitches.
- 2.1.4 Seam class FS. This class of seam has for a general characteristic that it is formed by seaming the abutted edges of material together in such a manner that the stitches extend across and cover or tend to cover the edges of the plies joined.



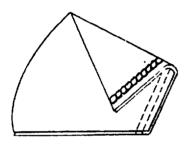
Seam type SSa-1 (Produced with stitch types 301 or 401)



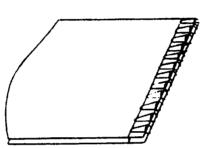
Seam type 33a-2 (Produced with stitch types 301 or 401)



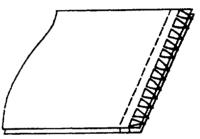
Seam type SSa-1 (Produced with stitch types 304 or 404)



Seam type SSa-1 (Produced with stitch types 302 or 402)



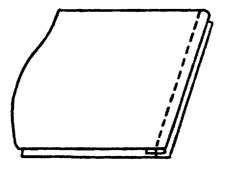
Seam type SSa-1 (Produced with stitch class 500)



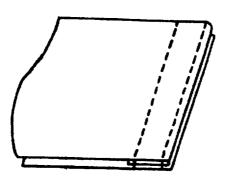
Seam type SSa-2 (Produced with a combination of stitch types 101, 201, 301, 401 and any stitch type of class 500 or type 602)

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two or more plies of material and seam-

ing them with one or more rows of stitches a specified distance from their edges.

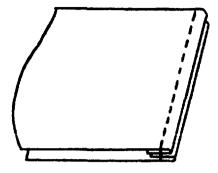


Seam type SSb-1

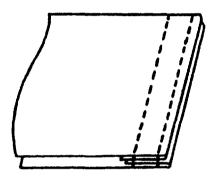


Seam type SSb-2

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two plies of material, turning in the edge of one ply a specified distance to the inside and seaming the plies with one or more rows of stitches.

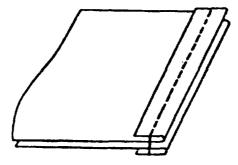


Seam type SSc-1



Seam type SSc-2

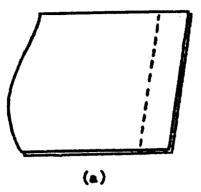
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two plies of material, turning the edges of both plies a specified distance to the inside and seaming through the turned edges with one or more rows of stitches a specified distance from the edges.

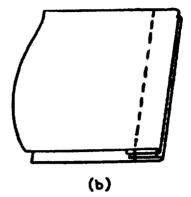


Seam type SSd-1

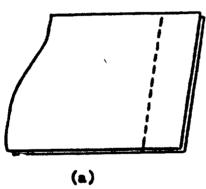
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two plies of material, turning the edge of both plies a specified distance outwardly and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

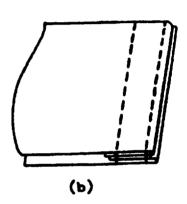






Seam type SSe-2





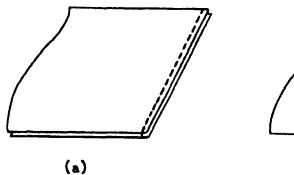
Seam type SSe-3

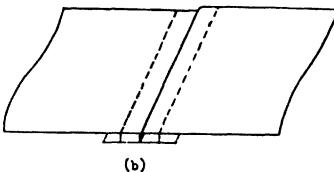
- This type of seam shall be formed by:

 (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edge, (seam type SSa-1), and
- (b) turning both plies of material at the first seaming to cover the raw edges and seaming with one or more rows of stitches through the folded edges.

Seam Type SSh





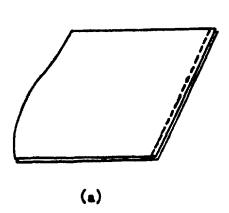


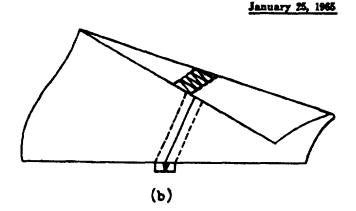
Seam type SSf-3

This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) superimposing two plies of material as

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches, a specified distance from the edge (Seam Type SSa-1), and
- (b) opening both plies of the material and seaming a reinforcing tape over the raw edges of the material with two rows of stitches a specified distance apart.

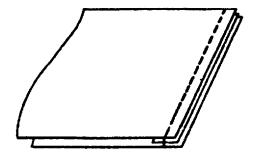




Seam type SSh-2

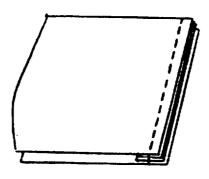
This type of seam shall be formed by:

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches, a specified distance from the edge (Seam Type SSa-1), and
- (b) opening the plies of material and sewing with a row of covering stitches over the trimmed edges.

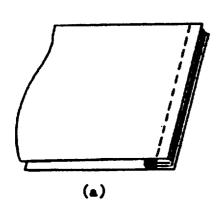


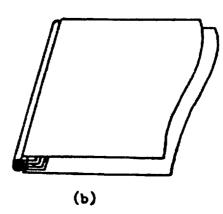
Seam type SSj-1

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two or more plies of material, inserting a plain narrow strip of material between and seaming with one or more rows of stitches a specified distance from the near edge.



Seam type SSk-1

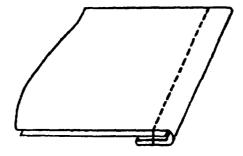




Seam type SSk-1 (with cord)

This type of seam shall be formed by inserting a folded strip of material, with or without a cord as specified, between two superimposed

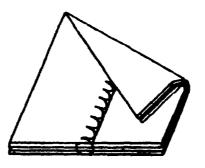
plies of material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



Seam type SS1-1

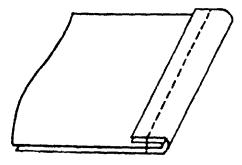
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing one ply of material on another a sufficient distance from the edge to permit turning the edge of one ply of the material under and in, a specified distance around the edge of the other ply, and seaming with one row of stitches.

> Seam Type SSm January 25, 1965



Seam type SSm-1

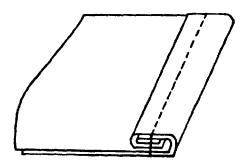
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two or more plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches in such a manner that the thread passes only partially through the thickness of the last or outer ply. The thread shall not show on the outer side of the last ply unless otherwise specified.



Seam type SSn-1

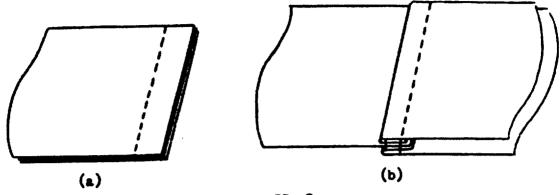
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two or more plies of material, folding both the edges back over the body of material a specified distance and seaming with one row of stitches.



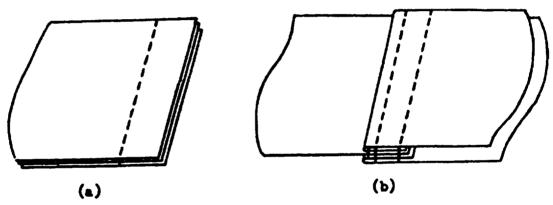


Seam type SSp-1

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two or more plies of material, turning the edges back over the body of material and in, under that fold a specified distance, and seaming with one row of stitches.



Seam type SSq-2

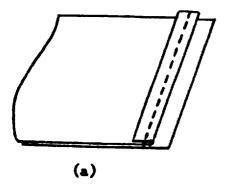


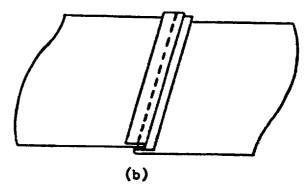
Seem type SSq-3

This type of seam shall be formed by:

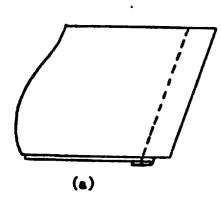
(a) superimposing three or more plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edge (seam type SSe-1), and

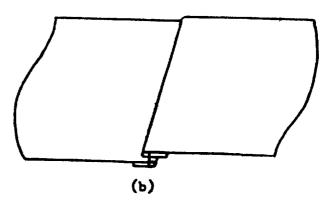
(b) turning the two outer plies back over their edges and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.





Seam type SSr-1

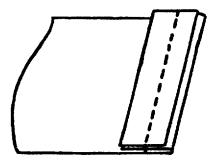




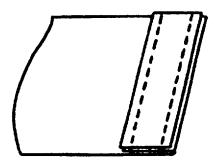
Seam type SSr-1 (Inverted)

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two plies of material, turning the edge of one ply of material and seaming

through the turned edge and plies of material with one row of stitches.

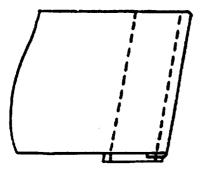


Seam type SSs-1

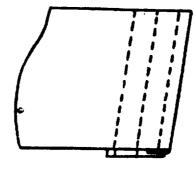


Seam type SSe-2

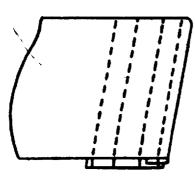
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing a tape, webbing or narrow piece of fabric over the turned edge of a ply or plies of material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches through the turned edge.







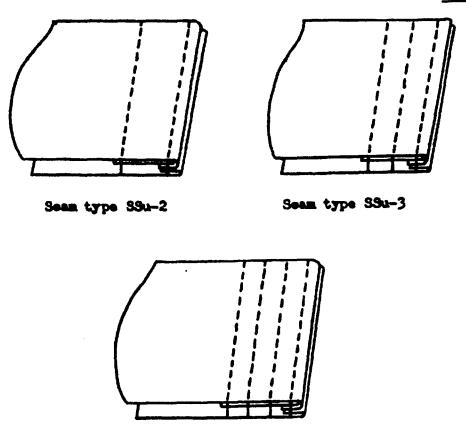
Seem type SSt-3



Seam type SSt-4

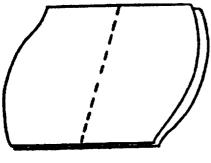
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing a ply or plies of material with the outer edge turned, on a tape, webbing or narrow strip of fabric and seaming with two or more rows of stitches, with only the row nearest the folded edge going through the fold.

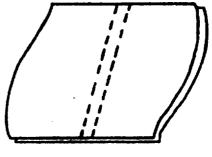




Seem type 89u-4

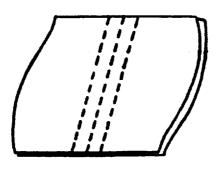
This type of seam shall be formed by turning the edges of two plies of material inwardly, inserting a tape or strip of material within the inturned upper ply, and stitching with two or more rows of stitches, with only the row nearest the folded edge going through the folds.





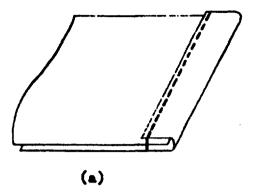
Seam type SSv-1

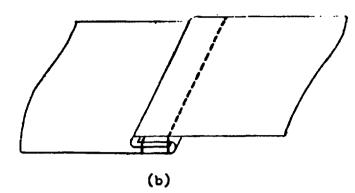




Seem type SSv-3

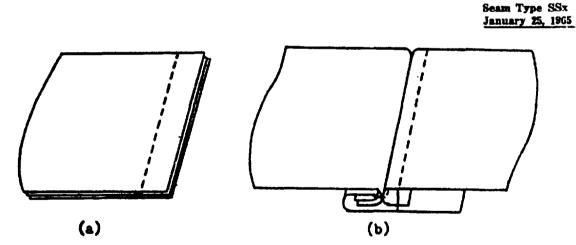
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing and seaming two or more plies of material with one or more rows of stitches where evenly spaced lines of stitches are required in the body of the materials, as in quilting comforters, clothing linings, etc.





Seam type SSw-2

- (a) superimposing two pieces of material, turning the edge of one ply of material over the edge of the second ply, and seaming with one row of stitches, and
- (b) turning back the body of the upper ply over the folded lower ply and seaming with one row of stitches.



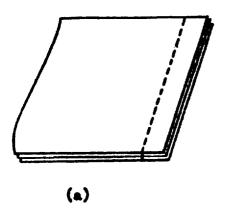
Seam type SSx-2

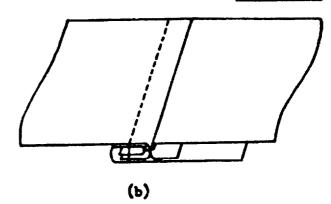
This type of seam shall be formed by:

- (a) superimposing and seaming three plies of material as in seam type SSa-1 with a single row of stitches a specified distance from the edges, and
 - (b) turning back the edges of the middle and

bottom plies and the body of the bottom ply over these turned edges, turning back the edge of the top ply and the body of the top ply and seaming through the body and the turned edge of the top ply, and the body of the bottom ply with one row of stitches.

Seam Type 88s



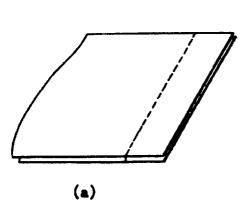


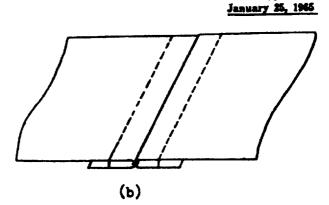
Seam type SSy-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:

- (a) superimposing and seaming three plies of material in seam type SSa-1 with a single row of stitches a specified distance from the edge and
 - (b) turing back the edges of the middle and

bottom plies and the body of the bottom ply over these turned edges, turning back the edge of the top ply and the body of the top ply and seaming through the body of the middle ply, the turned edges of the middle and bottom ply and the body of the bottom ply.



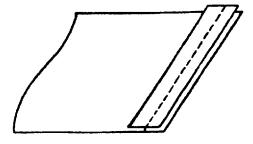


Seam type SSz-3

This type of seam shall be formed by:

- (a) superimposing and seaming two plies of material in seam type SSa-1 and
 - (b) opening the two plies and turning the

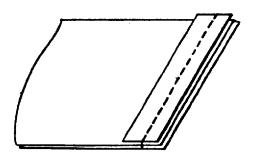
edges of each ply back under the body of the ply and seaming through the turned edge of each ply with one row of stitches. d



Seam type SSaa-1

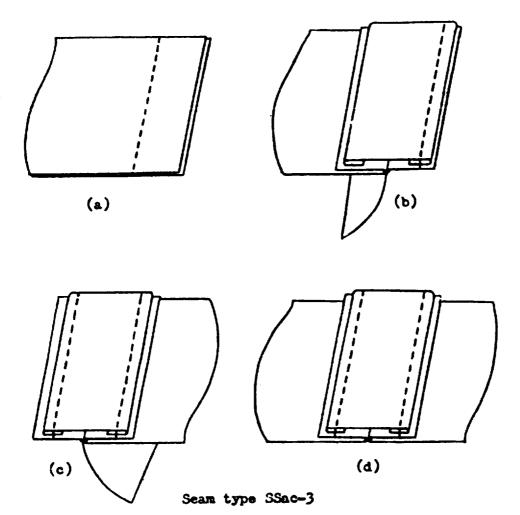
This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing a strip on one ply of material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

> Seem Type SSab January 25, 1965

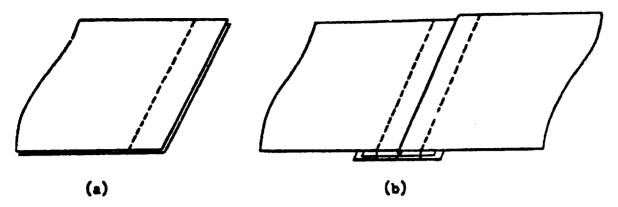


Seam type SSab-1

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing a strip on two plies of material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



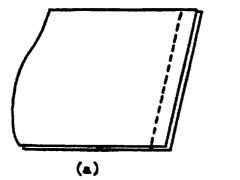
- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edges in seam type SSa-1, and
- (b) turning one ply aside and seaming its edge to a strip with its edges turned in,
- (c) turning the other ply aside and seaming its edge to the strip, and
- (d) opening both plies of material to finish as shown.

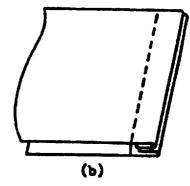


Seam type SSad-3

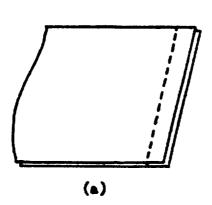
This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edges in seam type SSa-1, and

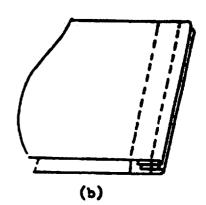
(b) opening the two plies, turning the edge of each ply under the body, superimposing to a reinforcing strip and seaming through the body, turned edge, and reinforcement strip.





Seam type SSae-2

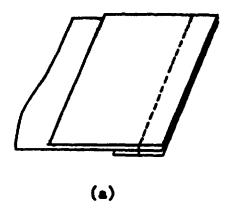


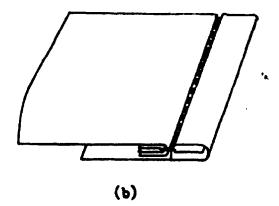


Seem type SSae-3

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with a row of stitches a specified distance from the edges in seam type SSa-1, and
 - (b) turning both plies of material over their

edges and seaming with one or more rows of stitches. When more than one row of stitches are used, one row shall pass through the folded edges.

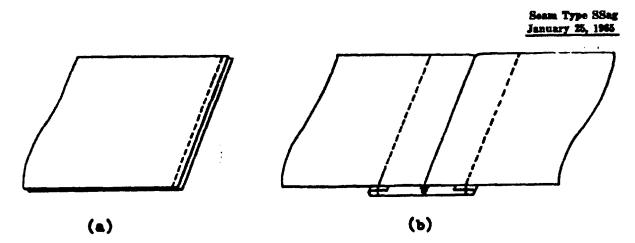




Seam type SSaf-2

- (a) superimposing a welt strip on the body of a material which is superimposed on a stay piece and seaming with one row of stitches, and
 - (b) opening the seam by turning the welt

strip over on itself and under the body material and stay piece, the edges of which shall have been turned, and seaming through the first seam and welt strip.

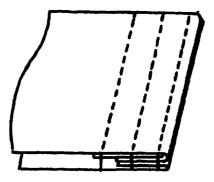


Seam type SSag-3

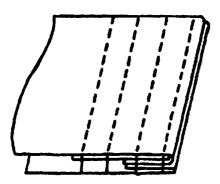
This type of seam shall be formed by:

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSa-1, and
 - (b) opening each ply and superimposing

these over a reinforcing strip whose edges are turned in a specified distance, and seaming with two rows of stitches through the reinforcing strip.



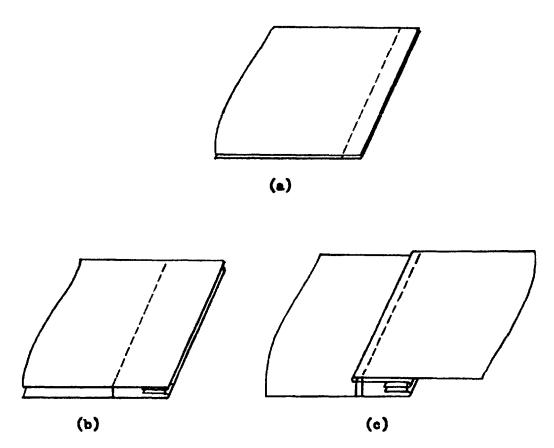
Seam type SSah-3



Seam type SSab-4

This type of seam shall be formed by turning the edge of one ply of material around a tape and superimposing this on another ply with edge turned up and stitching with three or more rows of stitches, two rows of which shall be through the turned edges.

1

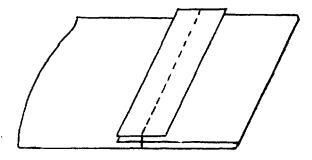


Seam type SSaj-3

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with a row of stitches a specified distance from the edge in seam type SSa-1,
 - (b) turning both plies of material over their

edges and seaming with one or more rows of stitches in seam type SSae-2, and

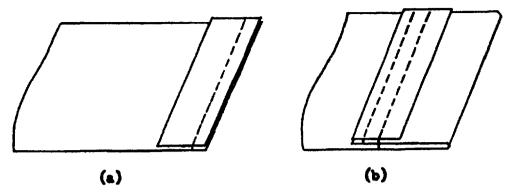
(c) turning the top ply back over the seam and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the second row of stitches.



Seam type SSak-1

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing a strip on the fold of a body material a specified distance from the folded edge and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

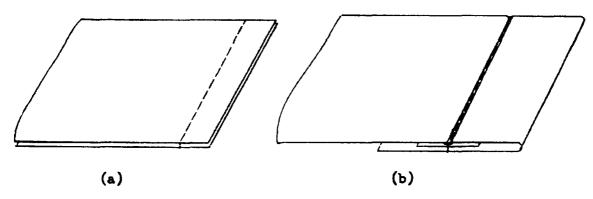




Seem type SSel-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) superimposing a strip on one ply of material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches, and

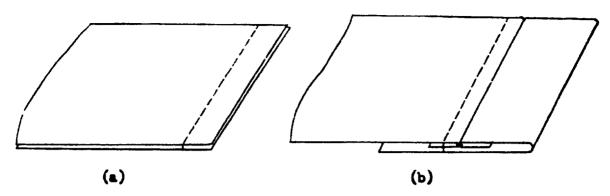
(b) folding the edge of the body ply and the strip over the body material and seaming through the strip and body material with one or more rows of stitches.



Seam type SSam-2

- (a) superimposing and seaming two plies of material in seam type SSa-1, and
 - (b) opening the two plies and turning the

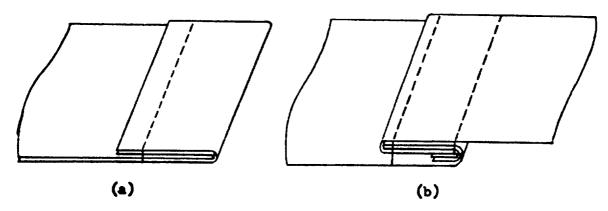
edges of each ply back under the body of the ply; turning the body ply back under these turned edges and seaming through the first seam with one row of stitches.



Seam type SSao-2

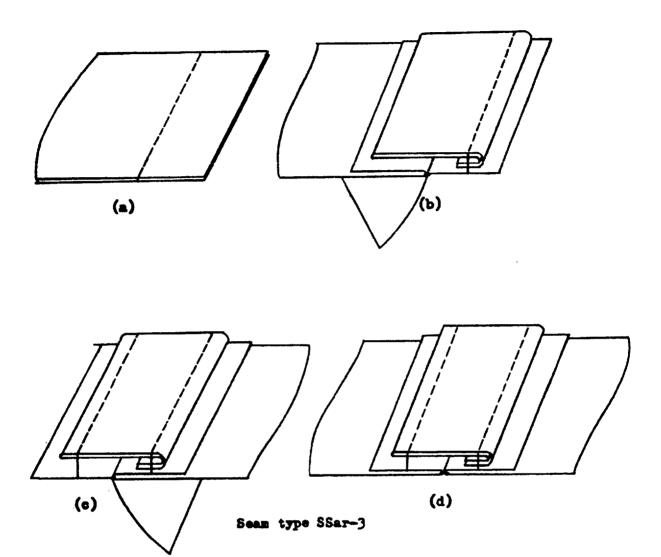
- (a) superimposing and seaming two plies of material in seam type SSs-1, and
- (b) opening the two plies and turning the edges of each ply back under the body of the

ply; turning the body of one ply over these turned edges and seaming through the body and turned edge of the top ply and the body of the bottom ply with one row of stitches.



Seam type SSaq-2

- (a) superimposing two or more plies of material, folding both the edges back over the body of material a specified distance and seaming with one row of stitches, and
- (b) opening the plies of material, turning the seam to one side and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

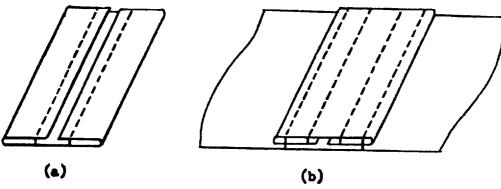


(a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from their edges in seam type SSa-1,
(b) turning one ply aside and seaming its

edge to a folded strip with its edges turned in,

(c) turning the other ply aside and seaming its edge to the folded edge of the strip, and

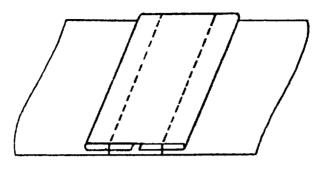
(d) opening both plies of material to finish as shown.



Seam type SSas-4

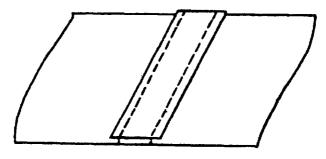
This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) turning the edges of a strip of material and seaming with two rows of stitches, and

(b) superimposing the stitched strip with the turned edges downward on a body material and seaming with two rows of stitches.



Seam type SSat-2

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing a strip with its edges turned under on a body material, and seaming the strip to the body material with two or more rows of stitches.



Seem type SSau-2

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing a strip on a body material and seaming

with two or more rows of stitches.

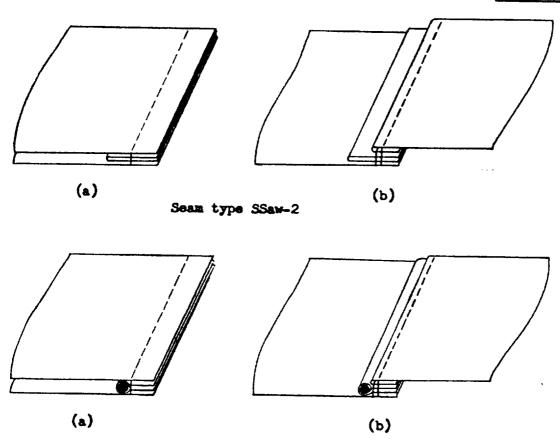
Seam type SSav-2 (with cord)

This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) superimposing a folded strip of material, with or without a cord as specified, over a ply of material and seaming with one row of stitches,

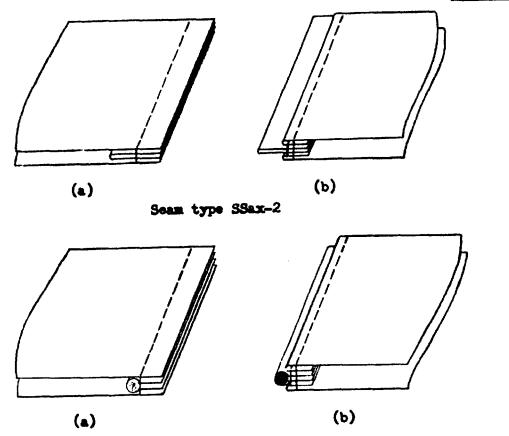
and

(b) superimposing another ply of material and seaming with one row of stitches.



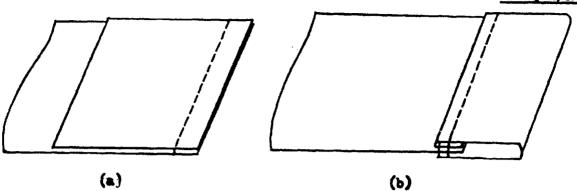
Seam type SSaw-2 (with cord)

- (a) inserting a folded strip of material, with or without a cord as specified, between two superimposed plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches, and
- (b) turning the top ply back sharply over the first row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



Seam type SSax-2 (with cord)

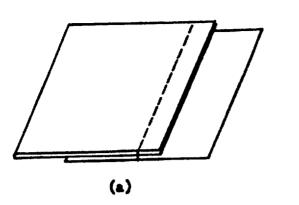
- (a) inserting a folded strip of material, with or without a cord as specified, between two superimposed plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches, and
- (b) turning both plies of material at the first seaming to cover the raw edges and seaming with one or more rows of stitches through the folded edges.

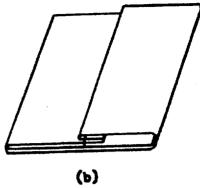


Seem type SSey-2

:

- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1, and
- (b) turning the strip over the row of stitches, around the edge of the body material and seaming with a second row of stitches.



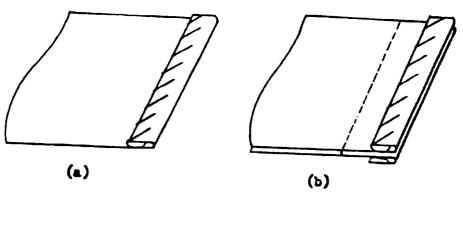


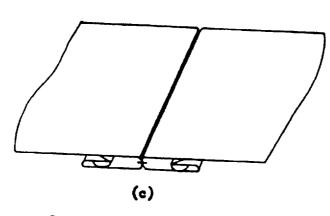
Seem type SSas-1

This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) folding a piece of body material with the face inside, placing the raw edges on a second ply, and seaming with one row of stitches a

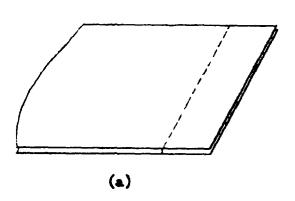
specified distance from the raw edge, and
(b) turning the body material face out to
envelop the second ply.

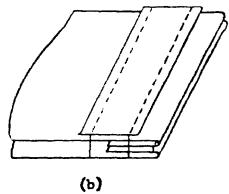




Seam type SSba-3

- (a) turning the edges of each of two plies of material and stitching the turned portion to the body of the material with one row of stitches,
 - (b) superimposing the two plies and seaming
- a specified distance from the turned edges with one row of stitches, and
- (c) opening the two plies and turning the edge of each ply under the body to finish as shown.



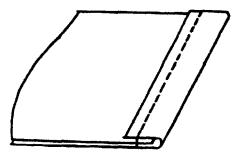


Seem type SSbb-3

(a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with a row of stitches a specified distance from the edges in seam type SSa-1, and

(b) turning both plies of material over their edges, superimposing a strip and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

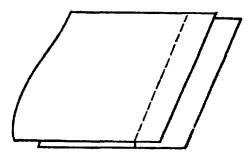




Seam type SSbo-1

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two pieces of material, turning the edge of one ply of material over the edge of the

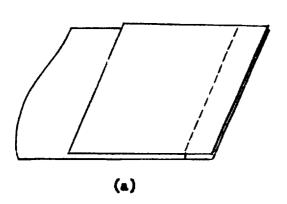
second ply, and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

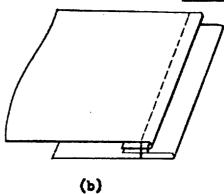


Seam type SSbd-1

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two plies of material with their edges a specified distance apart and seaming with one or more rows of stitches a specified distance from the edge of the top ply.

Seam Type SSbe January 25, 1965





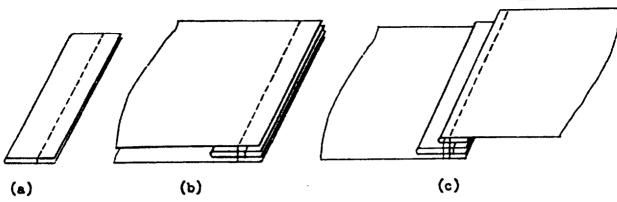
Seam type SSbe-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:

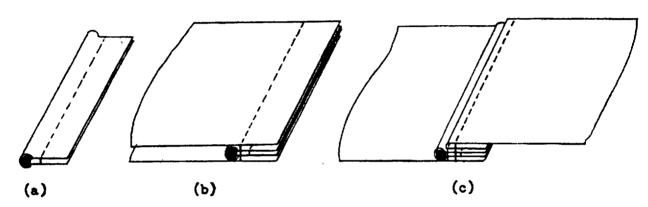
(a) superimposing two plies of material, or

strip on a body meterial and seaming with

a strip on a body material, and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edges in seam type SSa-1, and (b) turning one of the plies at the first seaming and folding the other ply a specified distance from the first seaming, and seaming with a row of stitches through all plies.



Seam type SSbf-3

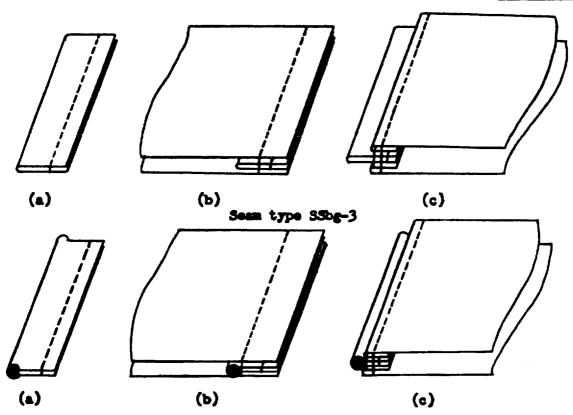


Seam type SSbf-3 (with cord)

- (a) folding a strip of material, with or without a cord as specified, and stitching a specified distance from the edge with one row of stitches,
 - (b) inserting the folded and stitched strip of

material between two superimposed plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches, and

(c) turning the top ply back sharply over the first row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

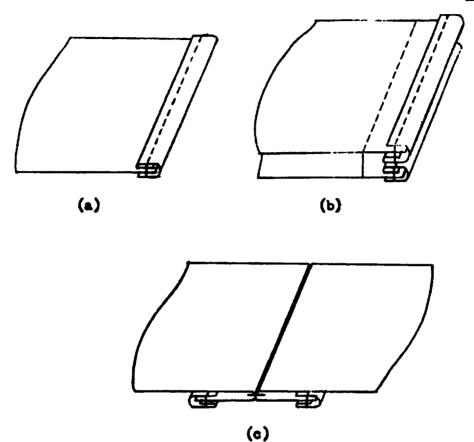


Seam type SSbg-3 (with cord)

(a) folding a strip of material, with or without a cord as specified, and stitching a specified distance from the edge with one row of stitches,

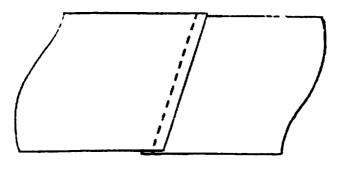
(b) inserting the folded and stitched strip of material between two superimposed plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches, and

(c) turning both plies of material at the seam to cover the raw edges and seaming with one or more rows of stitches through the folded edges.

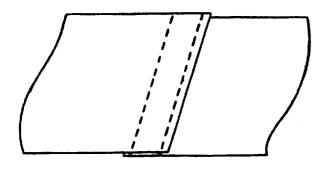


Seem type SSbh-3

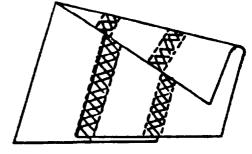
- (a) binding the edges of two plies of body material by turning one edge of a binding strip, folding it over the edge of the body material, and seaming the binding strip and body material with one row of stitches,
- (b) superimposing the two plies and seaming a specified distance from the bound edges with one row of stitches, and
- (c) opening the two plies and turning the bound edge of each ply under the body to finish as shown.



Seam type LSa-1

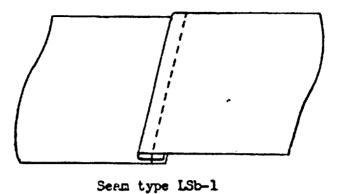


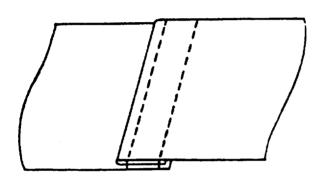
Seam type LSa-2



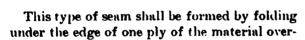
Seam type LSa-2

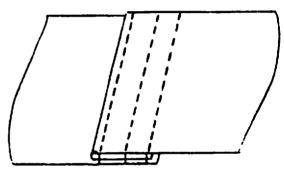
This type of seam shall be formed by overlapping two or more plies of material a specified distance and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.





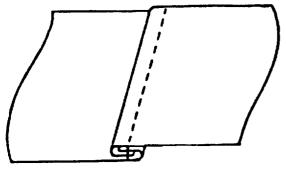
Seam type LSb-2



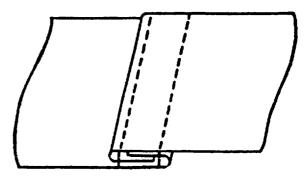


Seam type LSb-3

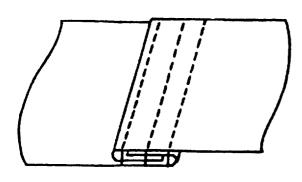
lapping it at the edge of another ply and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



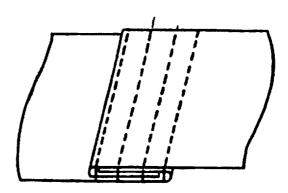
Seam type LSc-1



Seam type LSo-2

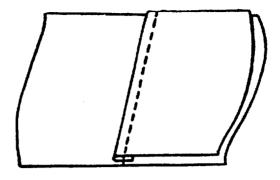


Seam type LSc-3

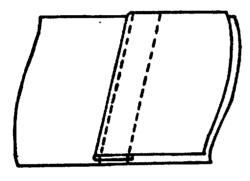


Seam type LSc-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding in and interlapping the edges of two plies of material so that the edges of the material are concealed and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

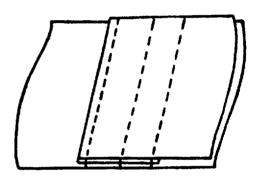


Seam type LSd-1



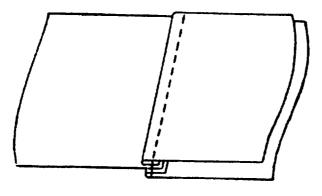
Seem type LSd-2

This type of seam shall be formed by folding under the edge of one ply of material, lapping it on the body of another ply of material a spec-

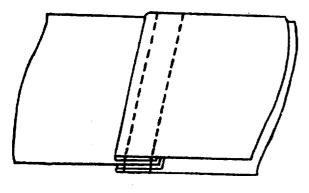


Seam type LSd-3

ified distance from the edge, and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

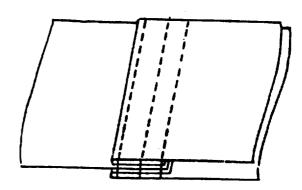


Seam type LSe-1



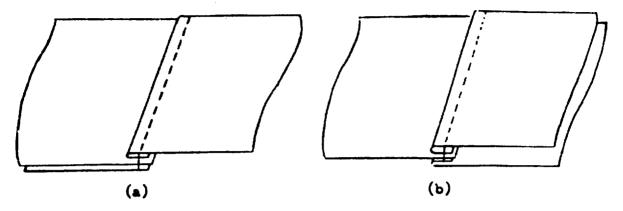
Seam type LSe-2

This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edges of each of two plies of material, inserting a third ply of material between the

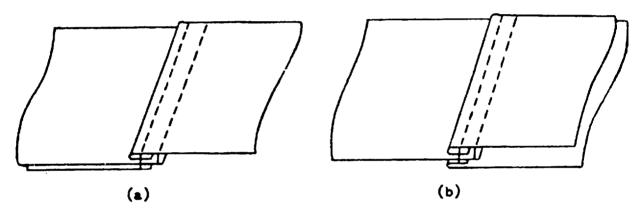


Seam type LSo-3

folded edges and seaming all plies with one or more rows of stitches.



Seam type LSf-1

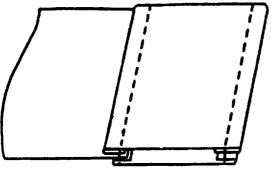


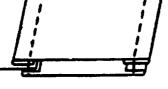
Seam type LSf-2

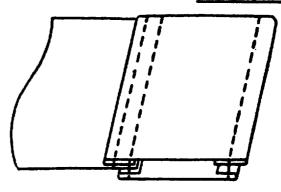
(a) folding the edge of one ply of material, lapping it on two or more other plies and seaming with one or more rows of stitches. When more than one row of stitches are used, the

inner ply shall be extended so that the second row of stitches does not go through the bottom ply, and

(b) the bottom ply then shall be turned back to lie under the top ply (figure b).

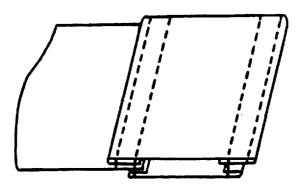






Seam type LSg-2

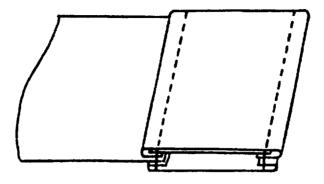
Seam type LSg-3



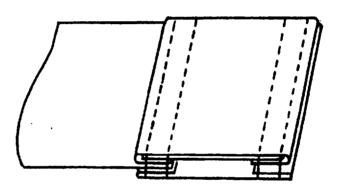
Seam type LSg-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding in both edges of two plies of material, inserting a third ply of material between the folded edges

on one side and seaming each side with one or more rows of stitches.

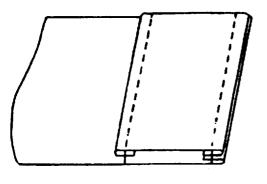


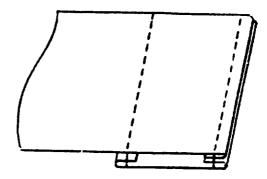
Seam type LSj-2



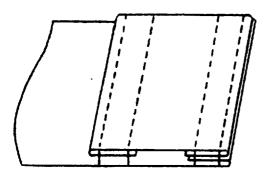
Seam type LSj-4

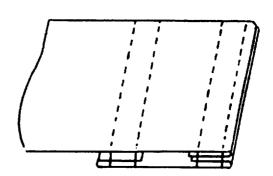
This type of seam shall be formed by folding both edges of two plies of material, inserting a strip in the fold of the top ply, inserting the body material between the folded edges of both plies on one side and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.





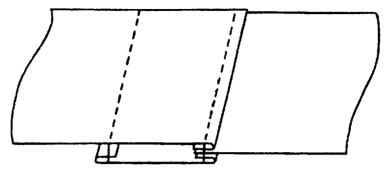
Seam type LSk-2



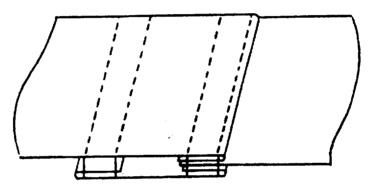


Seam type LSk-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding both edges of a strip of material and lapping it on the body material whose edge has been folded in, and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

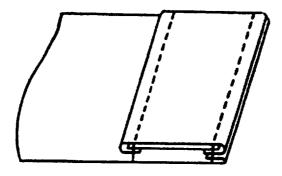


Seam type LS1-2

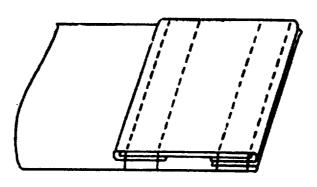


Seam type LS1-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edge of a body material, folding both edges of a strip of material, inserting one or more plies of material between the inturned edges of the body material and the strip, and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

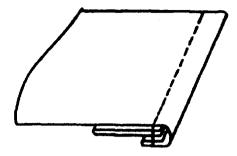


Seam type LSm-2



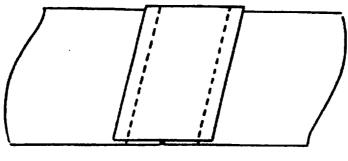
Seam type LSm-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edges of a ply of material over a strip, and lapping these two materials over a body material, whose edge has been folded in, and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

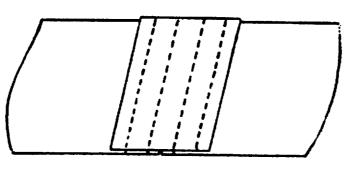


Seem type LSn-l

This type of seam shall be formed by double folding the edge of a body material as for a hem (EFb) inserting a folded strip of material between the folded edge and the body of the body material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



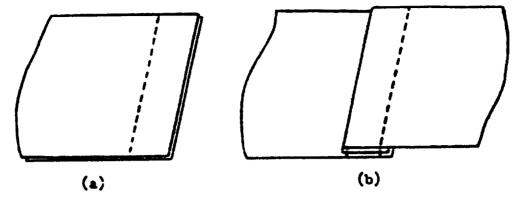
Seam type LSp-2



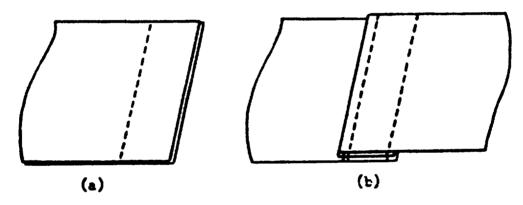
Seam type LSp-4

This type of seam shall be formed by overlapping a strip of material over the abutted

edges of two or more pieces of material and seaming with two or four rows of stitches.



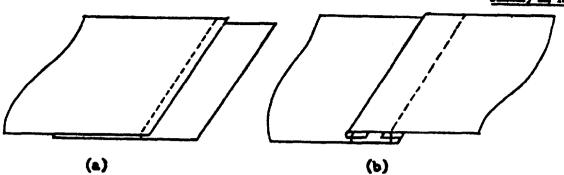
Seam type LSq-2



Seam type LSq-3

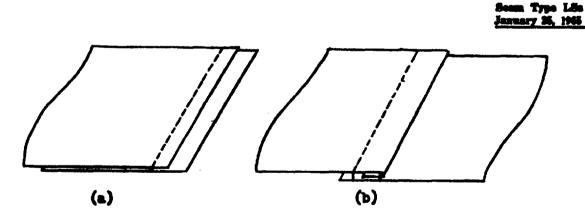
This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming as in seam type SSa-1, and

(b) the top ply shall then be turned back sharply over the first row of stitching and seamed with one or more rows of stitches.



Seem type LSr-2

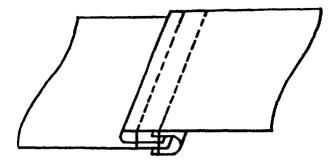
- (a) overlapping two plies of material with their edges a specified distance apart and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edge of the top ply, and
- (b) turning the top ply over the first row of stitching, folding in the edge of the bottom ply and seaming with a second row of stitches through top ply and turned edge of bottom ply.



Seem type LSe-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:

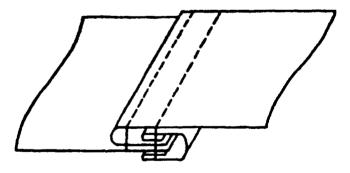
- (a) overlapping two plies of material with their edges a specified distance spart and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edge of the top ply, and
- (b) turning the top ply at the first seam and seaming with a second row of stitches through the bodies of top and bottom plies.



Seam type LSt-2

This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edge of one ply of material and lapping it over a second ply, folding a binding strip over the edge of both plies, and seaming with two rows of stitches, only one of which shall secure the binding strip.

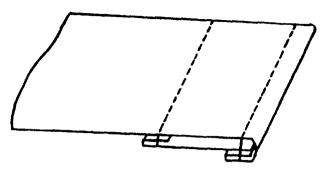
> Soum Type LSu January M, 1965



Seam type LSu-2

This type of seam shall be formed by turning the edges of one ply of material and lapping it over a second ply, folding a binding strip with both edges folded in over the edge of both plies of material and seaming with two rows of stitches, only one of which shall secure the binding strip.

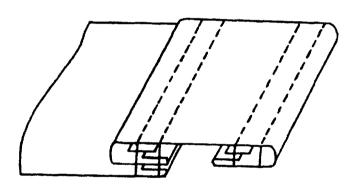
FED. STD. NO. 751a



Seam type LSv-2

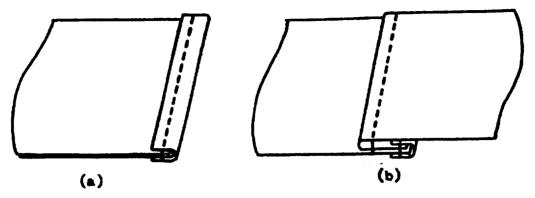
This type of seam shall be formed by double folding the edge of the body material, lapping it over a strip of material so that one edge of the strip is between the body material and its folded edge, folding the opposite edge of the strip, and seaming the strip to the body of the material with two rows of stitches.

Seem Type LSw January 25, 1965

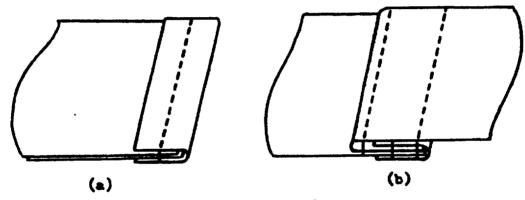


Seam type LSw-4

This type of seam shall be formed by double folding each edge of a wide strip of material over a narrow strip, and lapping it over the folded edge of a body material and seaming with four rows of stitches.

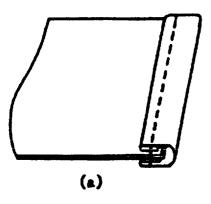


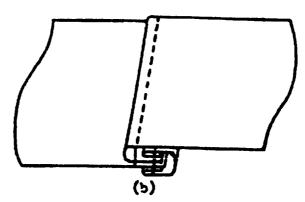
Seam type LSx-2



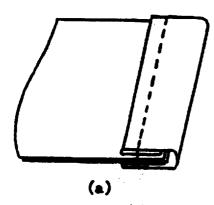
Seam type LSx-3

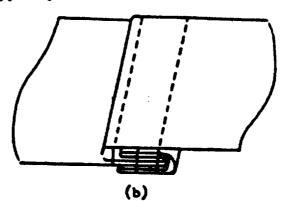
- (a) superimposing two plies of material, folding a binding strip over the edges of the plies, and seaming the plies and binding strip with one row of stitches, and
- (b) turning over the top ply a specified distance from the first row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.





Seam type LSy-2



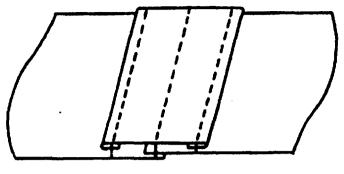


Seam type LSy-3

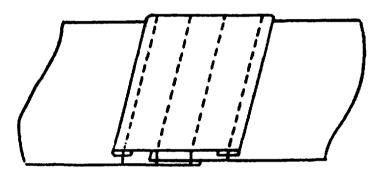
(a) superimposing two plies of material, folding the edges of a binding strip, placing it over the edges of the material and seaming

with one row of stitches, and

(b) turning the top ply a specified distance from the first row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

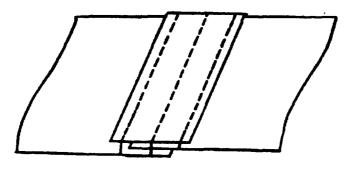


Seam type LSm-3



Seam type LSz-4

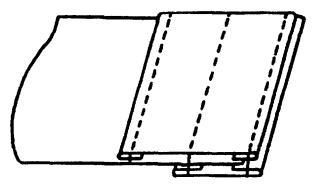
This type of seam shall be formed by overlapping the edges of two or more plies of material, lapping a strip of material with the edges folded in over the overlapped edges and seaming with three or more rows of stitches.



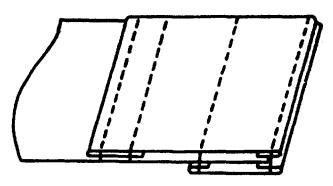
Seam type LSea-3

This type of seam shall be formed by overlapping the edges of two or more plies of material, superimposing a strip of material over

the overlapping edges and seaming w rows of stitches.



Seam type LSab-3

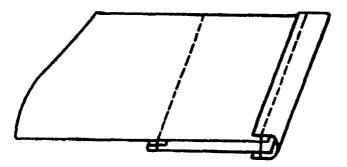


Seem type LSab-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edges of a strip of material, lapping it on a second ply and lapping both of these over a third ply substantially different in width with its edges folded, and seaming with three or more rows of stitches as follows: One row

shall join the strips on the outer edges; a second row of stitches shall join the top strip, the middle ply and the bottom ply through the turned edge, and the remaining row or rows shall join the top strip to the middle ply.

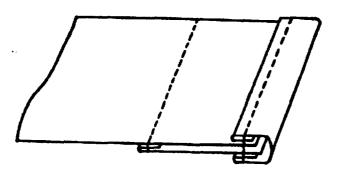




Seam type LSac-2

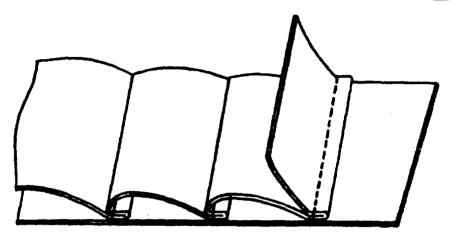
This type of seam shall be formed by lapping a ply of body material over a narrow strip, one edge of which shall be folded in under the top ply, placing a binding strip over the other edges of the strip and body material and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

> Some Type Life! James J. 196



Soan type 18ad-2

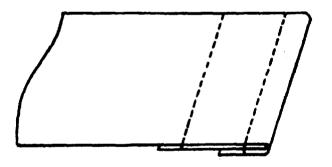
This type of seam shall be formed by lapping a ply of body material over a narrow strip, one edge of which is folded in under the body of the first ply, placing a binding strip with both edges folded in over the other edges of the strip and body material and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.



Seen type Line-1

This type of seam shall be formed by lapping one ply of material on to a second ply, folding the top ply back and seaming through the folded portion to the second ply with one or more rows of stitches. Note: the drawing illustrates the basic seam and two repeats.

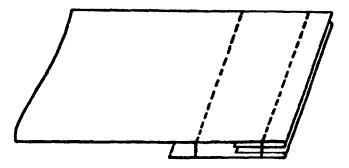
> Seem Type Like! January 25, 1965



Sees type 18ef-2

This type of seam shall be formed by lapping one ply of material over a second ply, turning the edge of the first ply around the edge of the second ply and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

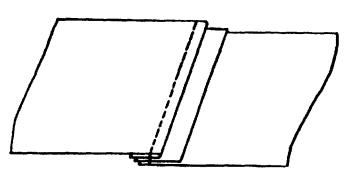




Sean type ISag-2

This type of seam shall be formed by lapping one ply of material over a second ply, folding one edge of each ply to the inside, and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

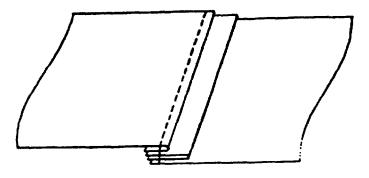




Seem type LSeb-1

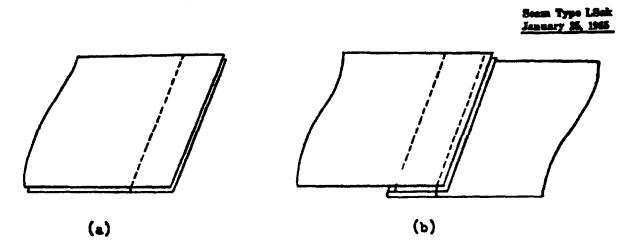
This type of seam shall be formed by lapping the folded edge of one ply of material over a

second ply, inserting a strip between and seaming all plies with one or more rows of stitches.



Seam type LSaj-1

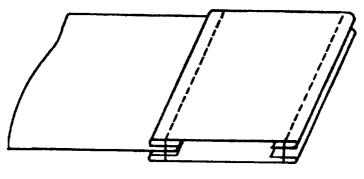
This type of seam shall be formed by lapping the folded edge of one ply of material over a second ply, inserting a folded strip between the two plies, and seaming all plies with one or more rows of stitches.



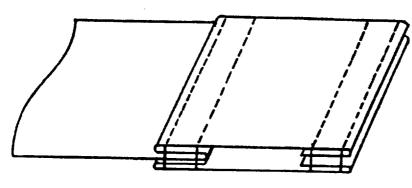
Seam type LSak-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches, seam type SSa-1, and

(b) turning the bottom ply over the first row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



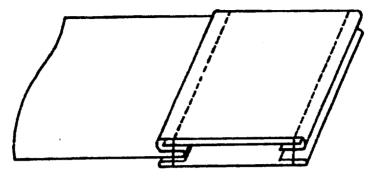
Seam type LSal-2



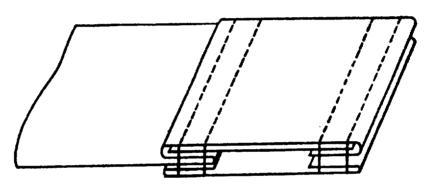
Seem type LSal-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding one ply of material into an "S" fold at a specified distance from the edge, folding in the edge

and lapping it over a strip of material with the edges folded in and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

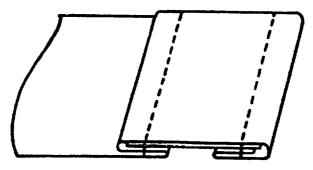


Seem type ISem-2

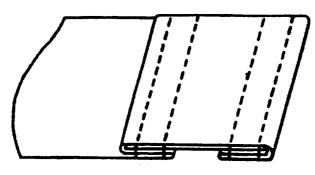


Seem type ISem-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding one ply of material into an "S" fold, folding in the outer edge, inserting an interlining strip in the folds, and lapping these over another ply whose edges shall be folded in, and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.



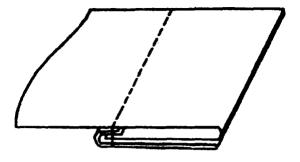
Seam type LSan-2



Semm type LSen-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding one ply of material into an "S" fold, turning in and folding over the outer edge, inserting an

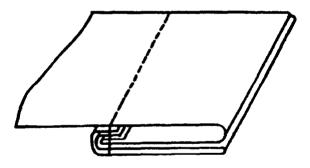
interlining strip, and seaming with tw rows of stitches.



Seam type LSap-1

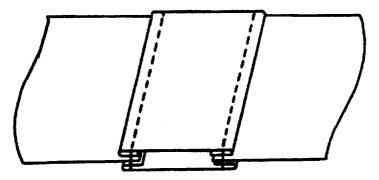
This type of seam shall be formed by folding one ply of material over on itself, lapping it on another folded ply, folding the edges of the bottom ply over the folded edge of the top ply and seaming with one or more rows of stitches through all plies of material at the folded in edges.

> Som Type Lifeq January 25, 1985

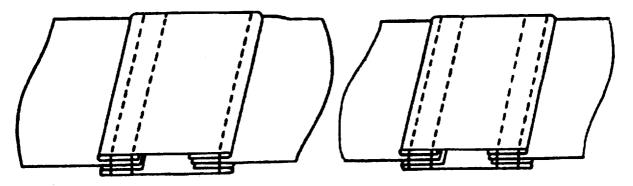


Seam type LSaq-1

This type of seam shall be formed by folding one ply of material over on itself, folding the edge in, lapping it on another folded ply whose edge shall be folded in between the body of the first ply and its folded edge, and seaming with one or more rows of stitches through all plies at the folded in edges.



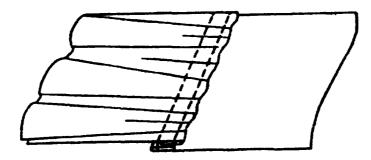
Seam type LSar-2



Seam type LSar-3

Seam type LSar-4

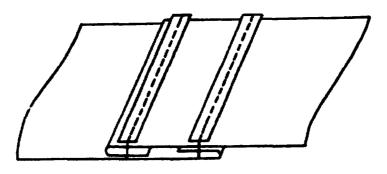
This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edges of two strips of material, lapping one on the other, inserting two or more pieces of material between them at the folded edges, and seaming with two or more rows of stitches through the folded edges and inserted material.



Seem type LSas-2

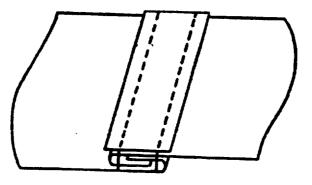
This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edges of two plies of material, lapping the folded edges over each other, and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

Seem Type LSet January 25, 1965

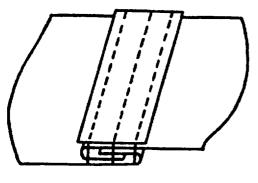


Seam type LSat-2

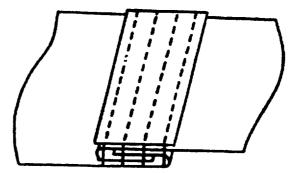
This type of seam shall be formed by lapping two plies of material with edges folded in, placing a strip of material on the top ply over each turned edge, and seaming with one row of stitches through each strip and all three plies of material.



Seam type LSau-2



Seam type LSau-3



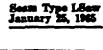
Seam type LSau-4

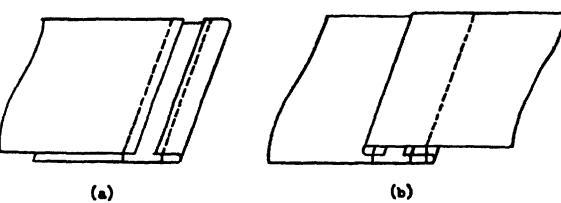
This type of seam shall be formed by folding and interlapping the edges of two plies of material so that their edges are concealed, placing

a strip of material on the top ply over the folded edges and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

Seam type LSav-4

This type of seam shall be formed by lapping two plies of material, folding in the edges of both plies, placing a strip on the top ply, and stitching with four rows of stitches, two rows through the strip and the remaining two through the folded edges of the material.





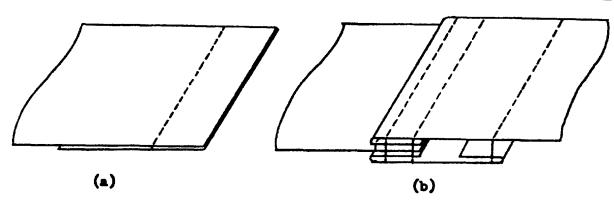
Seam type LSex-3

This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) lapping one ply of material over another a specified distance from the edge, folding the edge of the bottom ply and seaming with two rows of stitches, one through the edge of the top ply and body of the second ply and one through the folded edge of the bottom ply, and

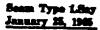
(b) turning the top ply over at the row of stitches and seaming with one row of stitches through the body of the top ply and turned edge of the bottom ply.

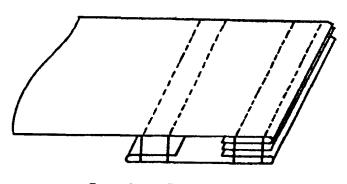




Seam type LSax-4

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edge in seam type SSa-1, and
- (b) turning the top ply at the first row of stitches, superimposing on a third ply with edges folded and seaming with three rows of stitches.

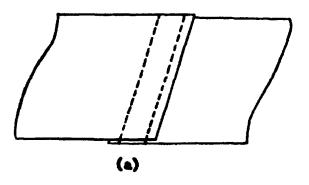


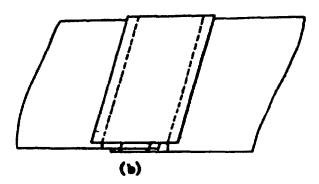


Seam type ISay-4

This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edges of a strip of material and lapping it on the body material whose edge has been folded

in, inserting a strip between the folded edges of the body material and the strip, and seaming with four rows of stitches.



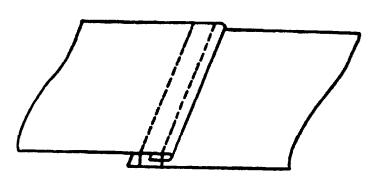


Som type Lins-4

This type of seam shall be formed by:

- (a) overlapping two plies of material and seaming with two rows of stitches in seam type LSa-2, and
- (b) placing a strip or tape over the first seam and seaming with two rows of stitches beyond each of the overlapped edges of the material.

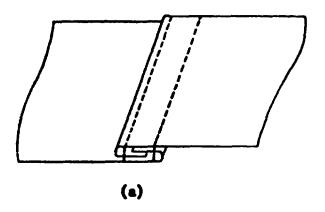
Seam Type LShe January 25, 1965

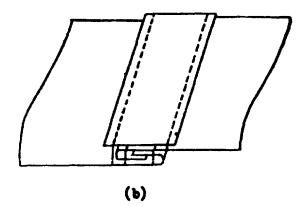


Seam type 13ba-2

This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edge of a ply of material and lapping it on another ply, and seaming with two rows of stitches. Only one row of the stitches shall pass through the turned under edge.

FED. STD. NO. 751a



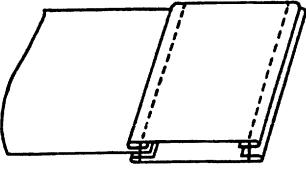


Som type LSbb-4

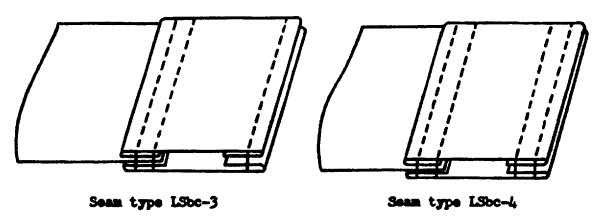
This type of seam shall be formed by:

- (a) lapping two plies of material, folding both edges in and seaming with two rows of stitches as in seam type LSc-2, and
- (b) placing a strip or tape over the firs seam and seaming it to the body material with a row of stitches on each side of the seam.

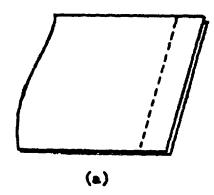


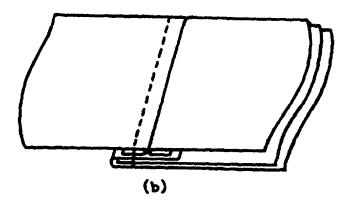


Seem type LSbc-2



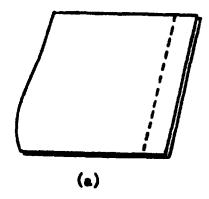
This type of seam shall be formed by folding in both edges of two plies of material, lapping one on the other, inserting a third ply of material between them and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

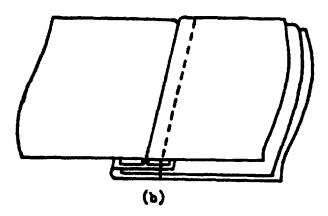




Seam type LSbd-2

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1; opening the two plies and turning the edges of each ply back under the body of the ply; overlapping the seam onto two plies of material, the edge of one ply which has been turned up over the edge of the other ply, and seaming through all plies with one row of stitches on the side of the seam nearest the folded edge of the bottom ply.

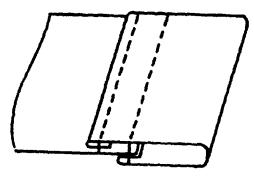




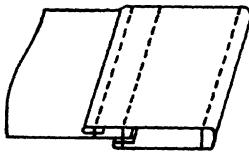
Seem type LSbe-2

This type of seam shall be formed by superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1; opening the two plies and turning the edges of each ply back under the body of the ply; overlapping the seam onto two plies of material,

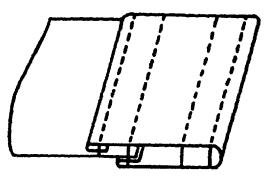
the edge of one ply which has been turned up over the other ply, and seaming through all plies with one row of stitches on the side of the seam furthest from the folded edge of the bottom ply.



Seam type LSbf-2



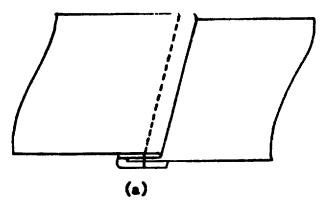
Seam type LSb2-3

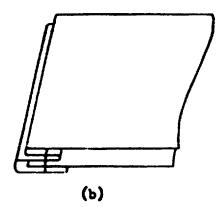


Seam type LSof-4

This type of seam shall be formed by turning both edges of a strip, folding it over the edge of a ply of material, the lower ply not extending

as deep as the upper ply and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.





Seem type LSbg-1

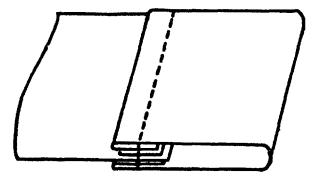
This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) turning the edge of one ply of material in a reverse "S" fold, inserting a second ply in the fold nearer the edge, seaming with one row

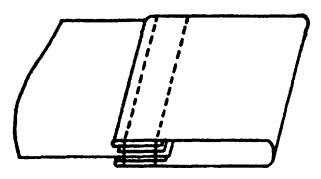
of stitches, and

(b) turning the upper ply back to form the finished seem.

Sonn Type LShh January 25, 1965



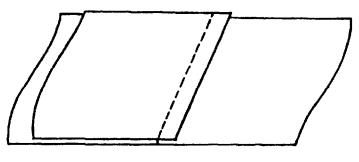




Seem type LSbh-2

This type of seam shall be formed by turning both edges of a strip and folding it over the ply or plies of body material. A tape shall be inserted between one folded edge of the binding strip and the body material and seamed with one or more rows of stitches.

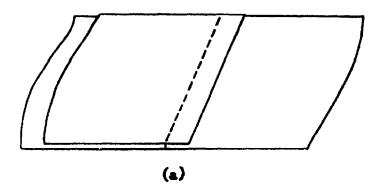


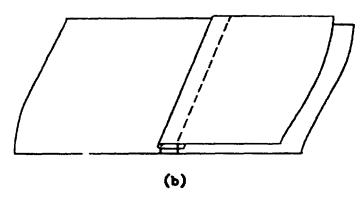


Seam type LSbj-1

This type of seam shall be formed by lapping a ply of material on a body material and seam-

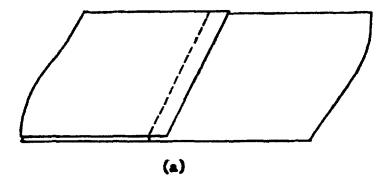
ing with one or more rows of stitches.

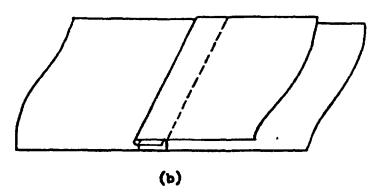




Seam type LSbk-2

- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) lapping a ply of material on a body material and seaming with one row of stitches, and
- (b) turning the top ply back sharply over the first row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



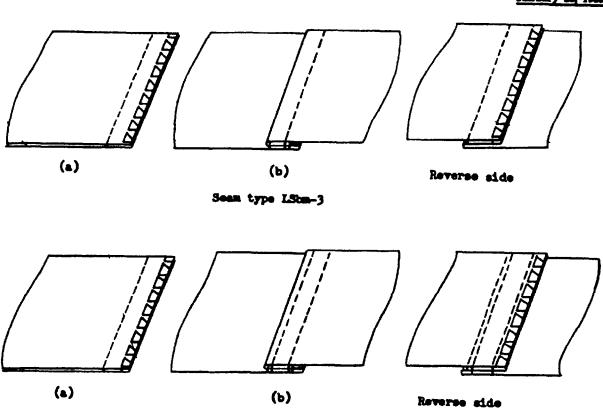


Seam type LSb1-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) lapping a ply of material on a body material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches, and

(b) turning the top ply back sharply over the first row of stitching and seaming with a second row of stitches through the top and bottom plies.



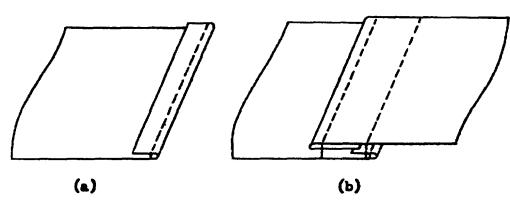
Seem type LSbm-4

- This type of seam shall be formed by:

 (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSs-2, with one row of seaming stitches and one row of overedge stitches, and
- (b) turning the top ply back sharply over the seaming row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

Seam type LSbn-2

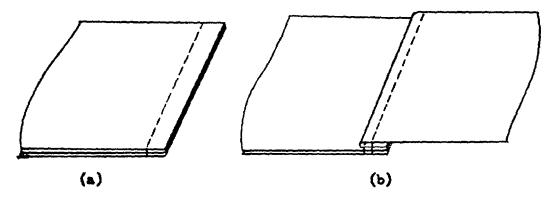
- (a) superimposing a strip on two plies of material and seaming with a single row of stitches a specified distance from the edge in seam type SSa-1, and
- (b) turning the bottom ply and the strip over the first row of stitches, turning in the edge of the strip and seaming the turned edge to the bottom ply with one row of stitches.

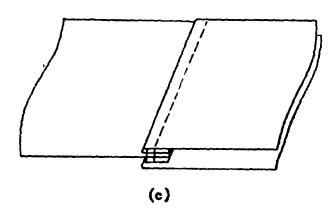


Seam type LSbo-3

This type of seem shall be formed by:
(a) turning the edge of a ply of material and stitching the turned portion to the body of the material with one row of stitches, and

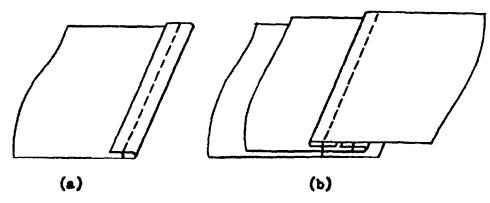
(b) folding the edge of another ply of material, lapping it on the first ply, and seaming with two rows of stitches.



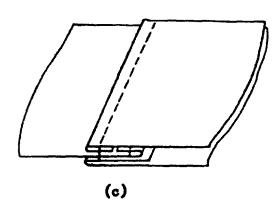


Seam type ISbp-2

- (a) superimposing three or more plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edge in seam type SSa-1,
- (b) turning the top ply back over the row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches, and
- (c) turning the bottom ply back to show the finished seam.





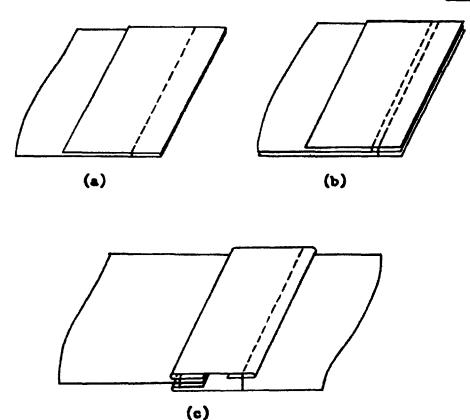


Seam type LSbq-2

- (a) turning the edge of a ply of material and stitching the turned portion to the body of the material with one row of stitches,
- (b) superimposing this ply on a second ply of material, folding under the edge of a third ply

and seaming with one row of stitches through the folded edge of the third ply and the two other plies of material, and

(c) turning the bottom ply back to lie under the top ply to show the finished seam.

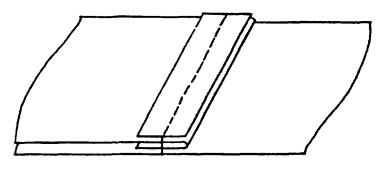


Seam type LSbr-3

- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of material and seaming with a row of stitches a specified distance from the edge in seam type SSs-1,
- (b) superimposing the seam thus formed on another ply of material and seaming with one

row of stitches between the first row of stitches and the edge of the plies, and

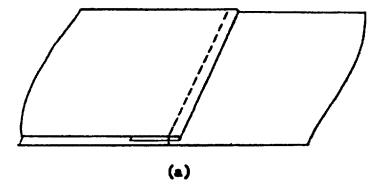
(c) turning the bottom ply and the strip over the two rows of stitches, turning in the edge of the strip and seaming the turned edge to the bottom ply with one row of stitches.

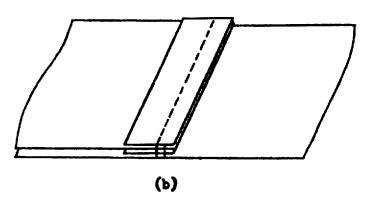


Seam type LSbs-1

This type of seam shall be formed by folding under the edge of one ply of material, lapping it on the body of another ply of material, superimposing a tape along the folded edge of the first ply, and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



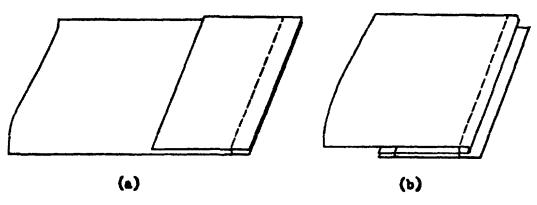




Seem type LSbt-2

- This type of seam shall be formed by:

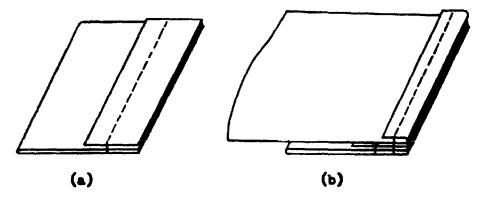
 (a) folding under the edge of one ply of material, lapping it on the body of another ply of material and seaming with one row of stitches, and
- (b) superimposing a tape along the folded edge of the first ply and seaming with one or more rows of stitches a specified distance from the edge.

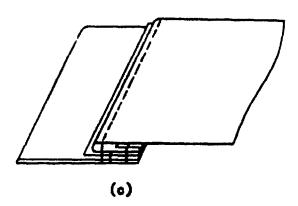


Seam type LSbu-2

- (a) superimposing a strip on a body material and seaming a specified distance from the edge in seam type SSs-1, and
- (b) folding the body material a specified distance from the edge of the strip and seaming the folded edge through the strip with one or more rows of stitches.

1/2



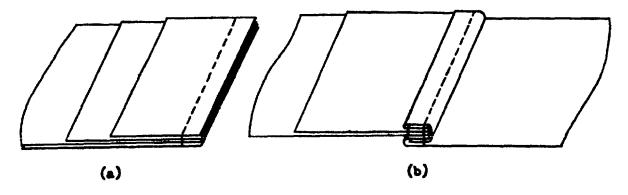


Seem type LSbv-3

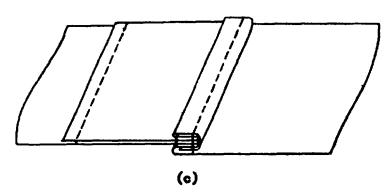
- (a) superimposing a strip on a folded ply of material and seaming with one row of stitches,
- (b) folding the edge of a body material and superimposing on the seam formed in (a) and seaming through the folded edge of the body

material, and

(c) turning the body material over the seamed edges with the fold a specified distance from the edge of the extending strip and seaming a specified distance from the folded edge with one row of stitches.







Seem type LSbu-3

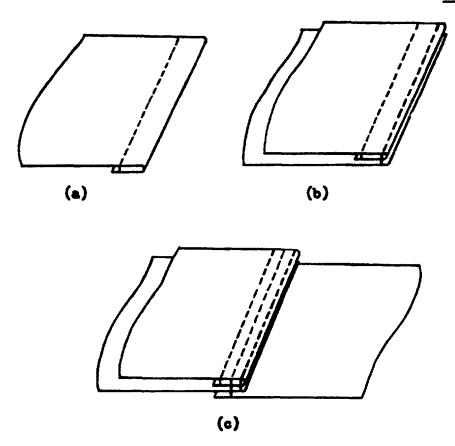
(a) superimposing a binding strip on a reinforcing piece and two or more plies of body material and seaming with one row of stitches,

(b) turning the binding strip over the row of stitches and around the edges of the material,

turning the bottom ply outward and stitching through all plies with one row of stitches, and

(c) seaming the opposite edge of the reinforcing strip to the body material with one row of stitches.



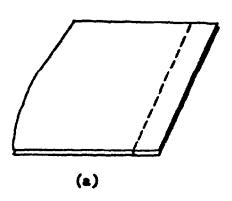


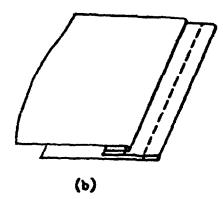
Seam type LSbx-3

- (a) turning the edge of one ply of material and stitching the turned portion to the body material a specified distance from the edge as in stitching type EFa-1,
- (b) superimposing the folded edge on another ply of material and seaming through all

plies with a row of stitches a specified distance from the folded edge, and

(c) lapping the superimposed plies on one or more plies and seaming through all plies with a row of stitches a specified distance from the folded edge of top ply.

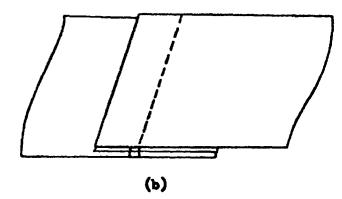


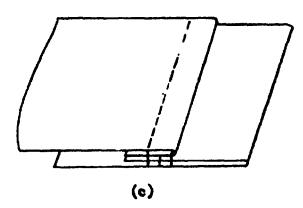


Seem type LSby-2

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSa-1, and
 - (b) turning the top ply sharply back over the

first row of stitches with the bottom ply folded a specified distance, and seeming with one or more rows of stitches through the folded portion of the bottom ply. 2/





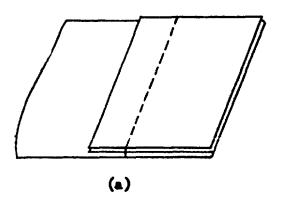
Seem type LSbs-3

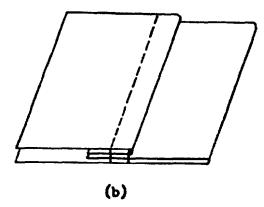
- This type of seam shall be formed by:

 (a) folding the edge of a body material a specified distance and seaming with one row of stitches,
 - (b) lapping a second ply of material over the

folded and seamed ply and seaming with one row of stitches, and

(c) turning the second ply sharply at the second row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

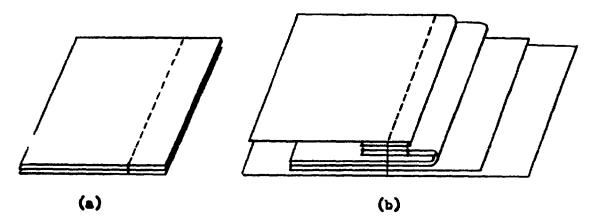




Seam type ISca-2

- (a) superimposing a strip on the folded edge of a body material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the folded edge, and
- (b) turning the strip back sharply over the first row of stitches and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

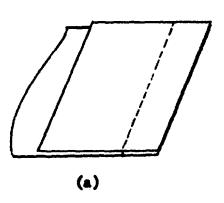


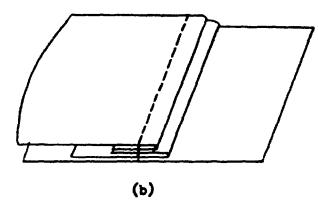


Seam type LScb-2

- (a) superimposing three plies of material and seaming in seam type SSs-1, and
 - (b) Turning the top ply back over the row

of stitches and folding the two bottom plies a specified distance; superimposing this on one or more plies of body material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.





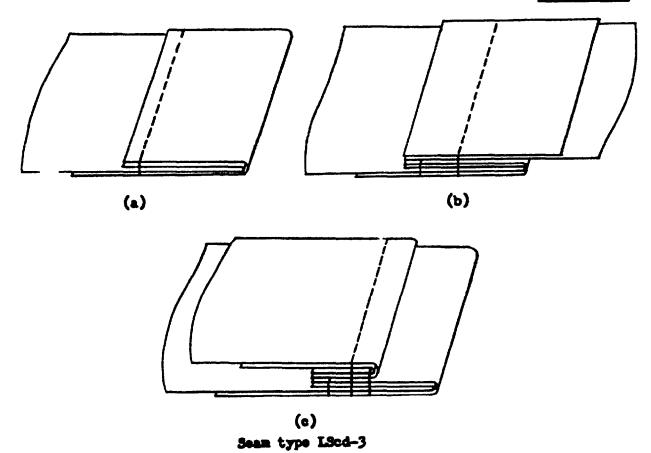
Seem type LSco-2

- This type of seam shall be formed by:

 (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSe-1, and

 (b) turning both plies of material over their

edges, lapping the two plies over a body material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

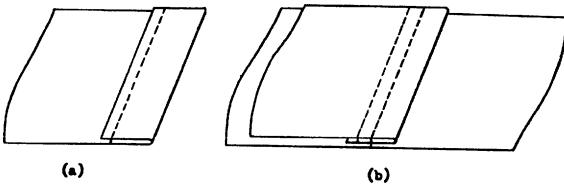


(a) superimposing two or more plies of material, folding both edges back over the body material a specified distance and seaming with one or more rows of stitches,

(b) lapping two plies of material even with

the folded edges and seaming with one row of stitches, and

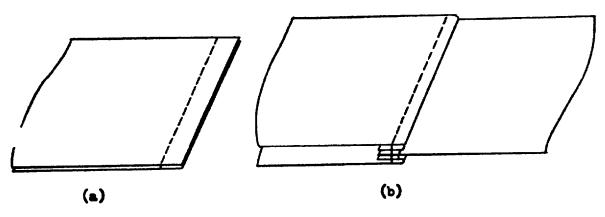
(c) turning the two plies back over the second row of stitches and seaming through all plies with one row of stitches.



Seam type LSce-2

- (a) folding the edge of one ply of material and seaming with one row of stitches a specified distance from the edge, and
- (b) lapping the ply on the body of another ply of material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



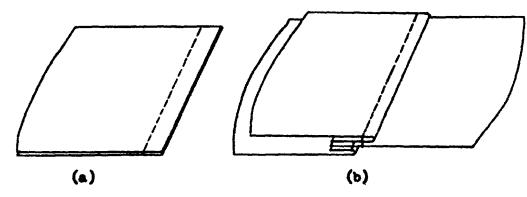


Seam type LScf-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) superimposing and seaming two plies of material in seam type SSe-1, and

(b) turning the bottom ply at the row of

stitches, superimposing a third ply with edge folded and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

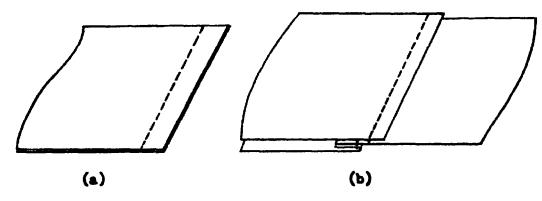


Seam type LScg-2

- (a) superimposing and seaming two plies of material in seam type SSe-1, and
 (b) turning the bottom ply at the row of

stitches, superimposing a third ply with edge folded and seaming to the top ply with one row of stitches through the folded edge.

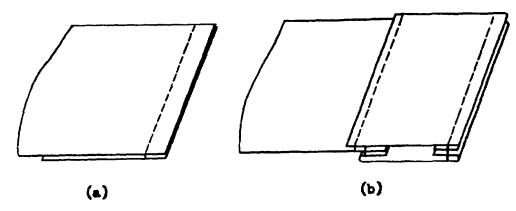




Seem type LSch-2

- (a) superimposing and seaming two plies of material in seam type SSe-1, and
 - (b) turning the bottom ply at the row of

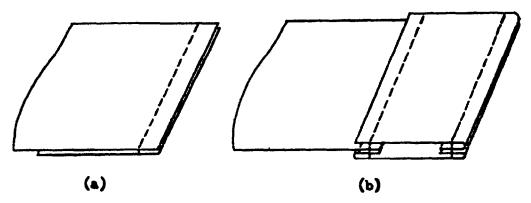
stitches, superimposing a third ply and seaming with one row of stitches through the third ply and top ply.



Seam type LScj-3

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSa-1, and
- (b) turning the bottom ply at the row of stitches and folding in the raw edge; super-

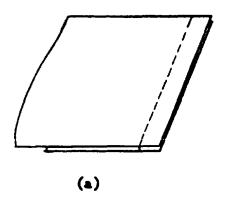
imposing a strip with one edge folded and seaming with two rows of stitches; one row through the folded edges and one row through the strip and the body material.

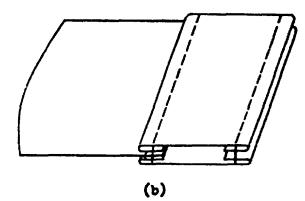


Seam type LSck-3

- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSe-1, and
 - (b) turning the bottom ply at the row of

stitches and folding in the raw edge; superimposing a strip with one edge folded and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.



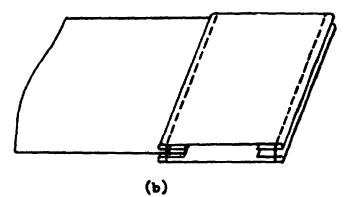


Seam type LSc1-3

- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSa-1, and
 - (b) turning the bottom ply at the row of

stitches, folding in the raw edge; folding in both edges of another ply of material, lapping it on the turned and folded ply and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.



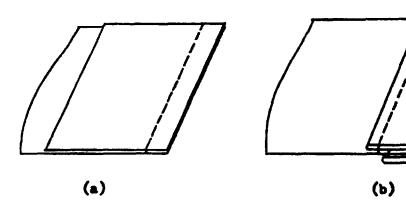


Seam type LScm-3

This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) placing two strips on either side of a body material and seaming with one row of stitches, and

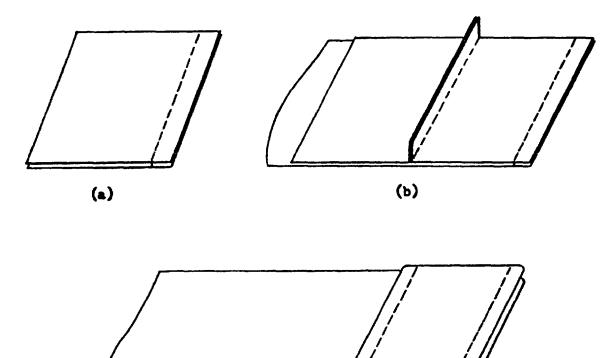
(b) turning the strips back over the sewn edges, folding in the raw edges of the strips and seaming each side with one row of stitches.



Seem type LSon-3

- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSe-1, and
- (b) turning the bottom ply at the row of stitches, folding in the raw edge; folding in

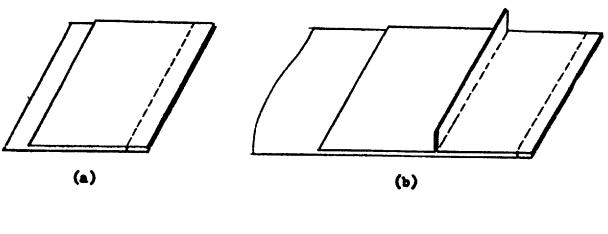
both edges of another ply of material, lapping it on the turned and folded ply and seaming with two or more rows of stitches, one row of which shall be through the body ply.



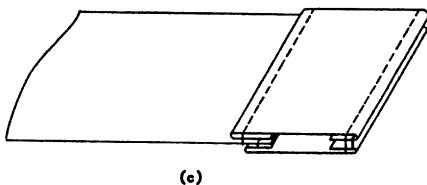
Seem type ISco-4

(c)

- (a) superimposing two strips and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSs-1,
- (b) seaming the edge of one of the strips to a body material, and
- (c) turning the strips to cover the raw edges, folding in the raw edge of the top strip and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.

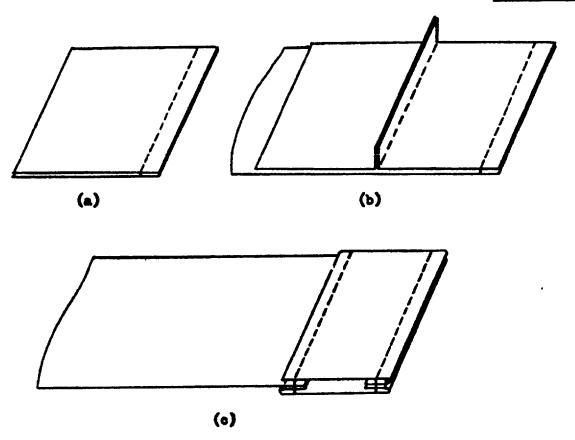






Seam type LScp-4

- (a) superimposing two strips and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSe-1,
- (b) seaming the edge of one of the strips to a body material, and
- (c) turning the strips to cover the raw edges, folding in the raw edge of the top strip and seaming through the body material. The outer edge shall be seamed with one row of stitches.

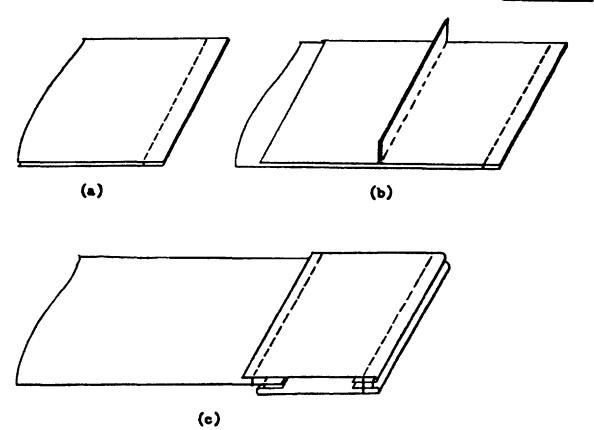


Seam type LSoq-4

- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) superimposing two strips and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1,
 (b) seaming the edge of one of the strips to

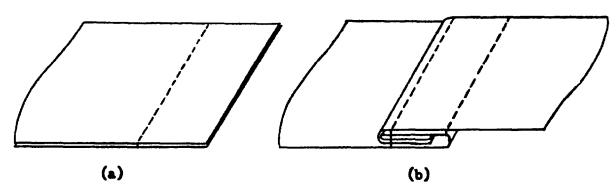
a body material, and

(c) turning the strip to cover the raw edges and seaming with two or more rows of stitches.



Seem type LScr-4

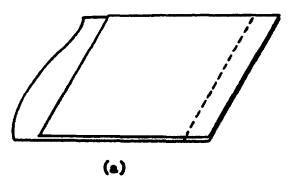
- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) superimposing two strips and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1,
- (b) seaming the edge of one of the strips to a body material, and
- (c) turning the strips to cover the raw edges, and seaming the unturned edge through the body material. The outer edge shall be seamed with one row of stitches.

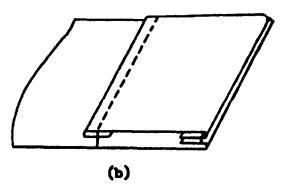


Seam type LScs-2

- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming in seam type SSe-1, and
 (b) opening the plies of fabric, turning the

seam allowance to one side with the raw edges turned under, and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.



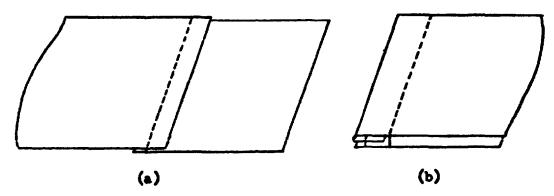


Seam type LSct-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) superimposing a strip on a body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type 88a-1, and

(b) turning both plies over their edges, turning under the opposite edge of the strip and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.

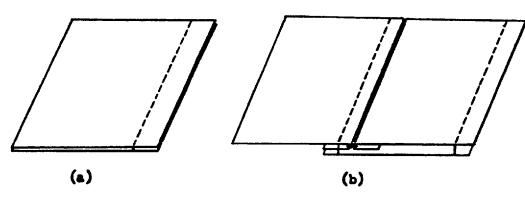


Seam type LScu-2

- This type of seam shall be formed by:

 (a) overlapping two plies of material and seaming with a row of stitches a specified distance from the edges, and
- (b) turning the top ply over the first row of stitching and seaming with a row of stitches through the body material.

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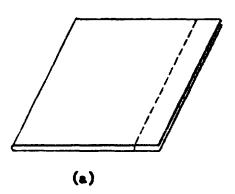
Seam type LScv-3

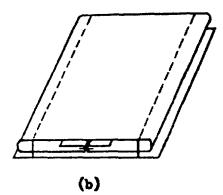
- This type of seam shall be formed by:

 (a) superimposing and seaming two plies of material in seam type SSe-1, and

 (b) opening the two plies, turning the edge

of each ply under the body, superimposing on a third ply of material and seaming with two rows of stitches.





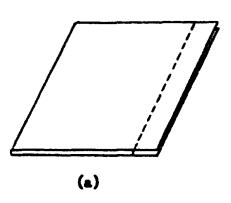
Seam type LScw-3

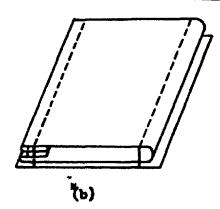
This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) folding a piece of material and seaming a specified distance from the edge, and

(b) turning the material inside out with the seam opened and centered, and seaming to a body material with two rows of stitches.

.:

Seem Type LSex January 25, 1965



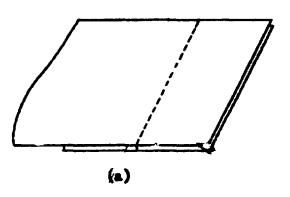


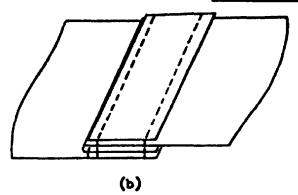
Seem type LScx-3

This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) folding a piece of material and seaming a specified distance from the edge, and

(b) turning the material inside out with the seam to one side and seaming to a body material with two rows of stitches.



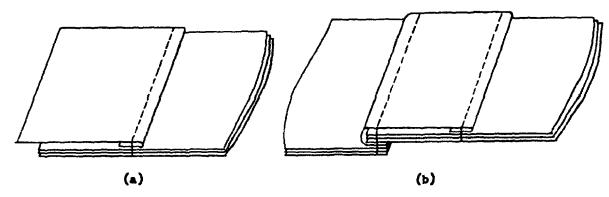




Seam type Mary-3

- (a) superimposing two plies of material is seem type dSa-1, and
 (b) turning the top ply back sharply over.

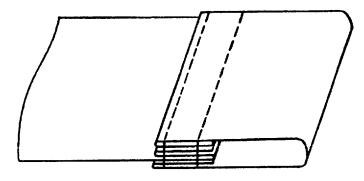
the first row of stitches, superimposing a strip and seaming with two or more rows of stitches through all plies.



Seam type LScz-2

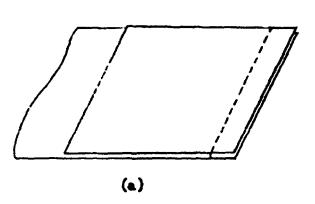
- (a) folding under the edge of one ply of material; lapping it on two plies of body material and seaming with one row of stitches, and
 - (b) folding the edge of the first ply around

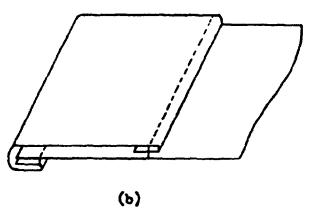
the edges of the body plies; superimposing this on the edge of two additional plies of material, and seaming through all plies with one row of stitches.



Seam type LSda-2

This type of seam shall be formed by turning the edge of one ply of material in an "S" fold, superimposing it on another ply with the edges even; turning both edges of a strip and folding it over the plies of body materials, and seaming with two rows of stitches.

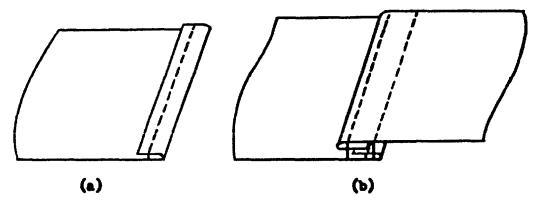




Seam type LSdb-2

- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) superimposing a strip on a body material
 and seaming in seam type SSe-1, and
 (b) turning the strip around the edge of the

body material; turning under the raw edge of the strip and seaming to the body material with one row of stitches.



Seem type LSdo-3

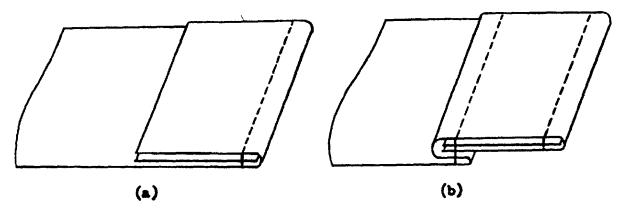
- This type of seam shall be formed by:

 (a) turning the edge of a ply of material and stitching in stitching type EFs-1, and

 (b) turning the edge of a second ply of ma-

terial and lapping it on the turned and stitched edge of the first ply, and seaming with two rows of stitches.

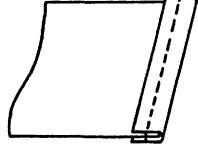
Seam Type LS&d January 25, 1965



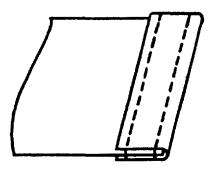
Seam type LSdd-2

- This type of seam shall be formed by:

 (a) lapping an interlining strip over a ply
 of material, turning the edge of the material around the strip and seaming with one row of stitches, and
- (b) folding the material in an "S" fold over the opposite edge of the strip and the edge of the body material, and seaming with one row of stitches.



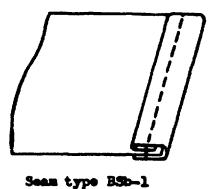
Seam type BSa-1

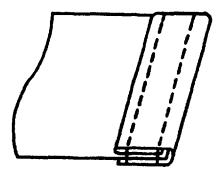


Soam type BSa-2

This type of seam shall be formed by folding a binding strip over the edge of the ply or plies of body material and seaming the bind-

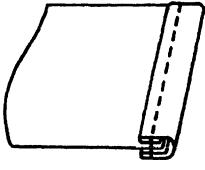
ing strip and body material with one or more rows of stitches.



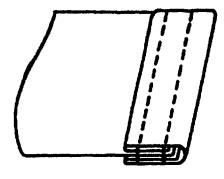


Seam type BSb-2

This type of seam shall be formed by turning one edge of a binding strip, folding it over the edge of the ply or plies of body material, and seaming the binding strip and body material with one or more rows of stitches.



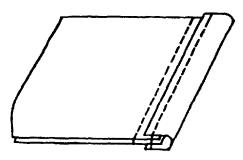
Seem type BSc-1



Seam type BSo-2

This type of seam shall be formed by turning both edges of a binding strip, folding it over the edge of the ply or plies of body material,

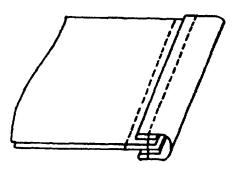
and seaming the binding strip and body material with one or more rows of stitches.



Seam type BSd-2

This type of seam shall be formed by folding a binding strip over the edges of the plies of body material, seaming the binding strip and body material with one row of stitches, and the plies of body material with a second row of stitches a substantial distance from the edge.

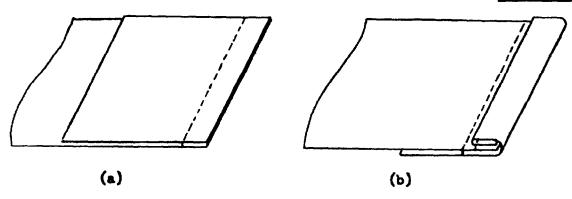
> Soom Type Bile January 25, 1968



Seam type BSe-2

This type of seam shall be formed by turning both edges of a binding strip and folding it over the edge of the plies of body material, seaming the binding strip and body ma-

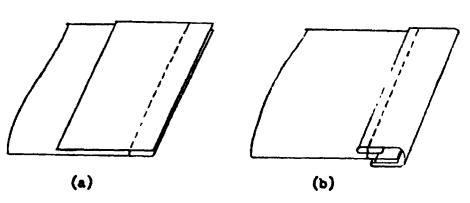
terial with one row of stitches and the two plies of body material with another row of stitches a substantial distance from the edge.



Seam Type BSf-2

- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1, and
- (b) turning the strip over the row of stitches around the edge of the body material and seaming with a second row of stitches.

Seam Type BSg January 25, 1965

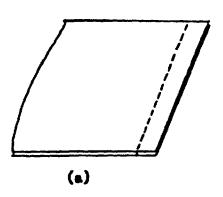


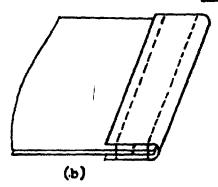
Seam type BSg-2

This type of seam shall be formed by:

- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1, and
- (b) turning the strip over the row of stitches around the edge of the body material, folding the edge of the strip, and seaming with a second row of stitches.

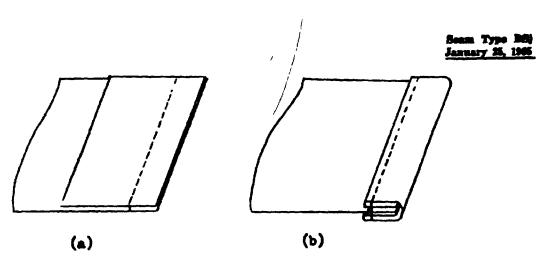
FED. STD. NO. 751a





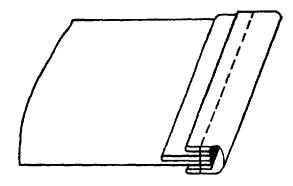
Seam type BSh-3

- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming as in seam type SSs-1, and
- (b) folding a binding strip over the edges of the plies of the body material and seaming with two rows of stitches.



Seam type BSj-2

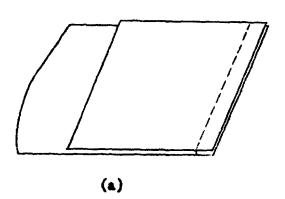
- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSs-1, and
- (b) turning the strip around the edge of the body material, folding the edge of the strip, and seaming with a second row of stitches through all plies.

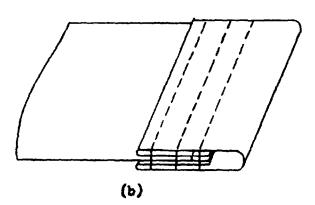


Seam type BSk-1

This type of seam shall be formed by turning both edges of a binding strip, folding it over the edges of a ply or plies of body material and a folded welt strip, and seaming through the binding strip, welt, and body material with one or more rows of stitches.

Seam Type BSI January 25, 1965

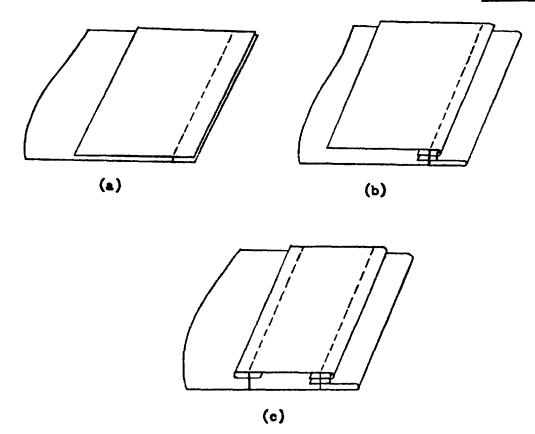




Seam type Bal-4

- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1, and
- (b) turning the strip around the edge of the body material, folding the edge of the strip and seaming with three or more rows of stitches.



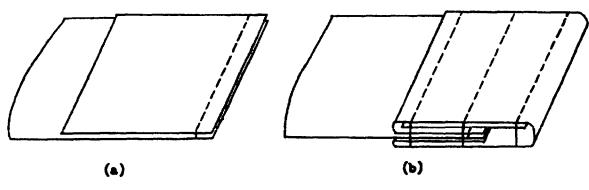


Seam type BSm-3

- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1,
 - (b) turning the strip at the row of stitching,

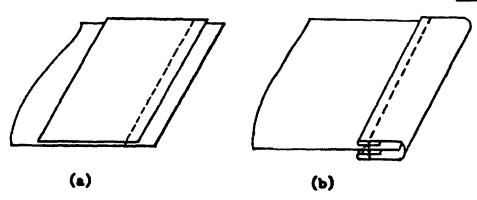
folding the body material inward a specified distance, and seaming with one row of stitches, and

(c) turning the opposite edge of the strip under and seaming through the body material.



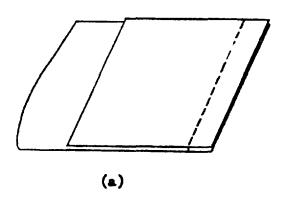
Seam type BSn-k

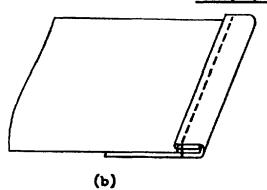
- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSs-1, and
- (b) turning the strip around the edge of the body material with a tape or webbing inserted, folding the edge of the strip and seaming with three or more rows of stitches.



Seam type BSo-2

- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material a specified distance from the edge and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSbd-1, and
- (b) turning the strip over the row of stitches around the edge of the body material, folding the edge of strip, and seaming with a second row of stitches.





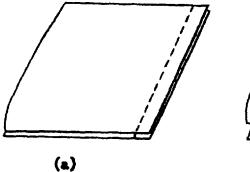
Seam type BSp-2

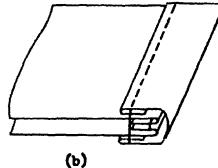
This type of seam shall be formed by:

(a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body
sterial and seaming with one row of stitches

material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSa-1, and

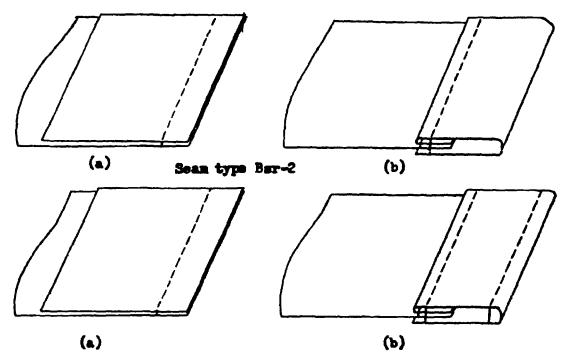
(b) turning the strip over the row of stitches around the edge of the body material and seaming with a second row of stitches through the turned edge of the strip.





Seam type BSq-2

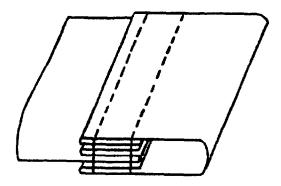
- This type of seam shall be formed by:
 (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSe-1, and
- (b) turning both edges of a binding strip and folding it over the edges of the plies of body material, and seaming the binding strip and body material with one row of stitches.



Seam type Ber-3

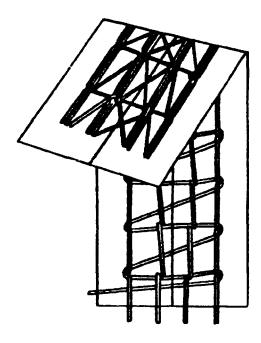
- (a) superimposing a strip on a ply of body material and seaming with one row of stitches in seam type SSs-1, and
- (b) turning the strip over the row of stitches around the edge of the body material and seaming with one or more rows of stitches.





Seam type BSs-2

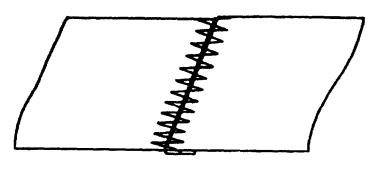
This type of seam shall be formed by folding the edge of the body material in an "S" fold, turning both edges of a binding strip and folding it over the folded edge of the body material, and seaming the binding strip and body material with two or more rows of stitches.



Seam type FSa-1

This type of seam shall be formed by seaming the edges of two or more plies of material with

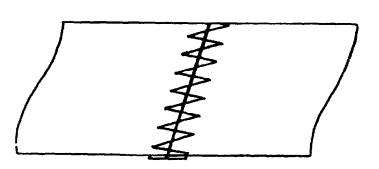
a row of stitches extending across and covering the edges of the material.



Seem type PSb-1

This type of seam shall be formed by turning the edge of one ply of material, abutting it against the raw edge of a second ply of material

and seaming with a row of stitches extending across and covering the turned edge of the first ply and the raw edge of the second ply.



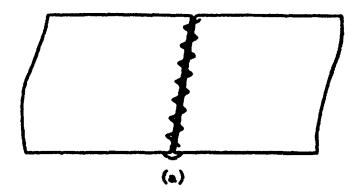
Seam type PSc-1

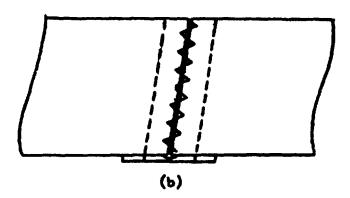
This type of seam shall be formed by turning and abutting the turned edges of two plies of material and seaming with a row of stitches

extending across and covering the turned edges of the material.

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Seam Type PSc January 25, 1965

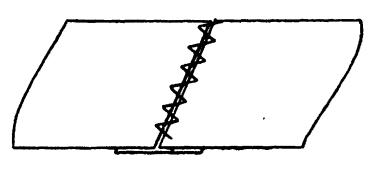




Seam type FS4-3

This type of seam shall be formed by:
(a) seaming the edges of two plies of material in seam type FSs-1; and

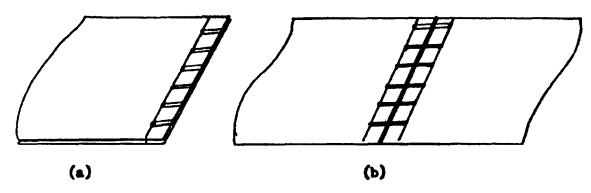
(b) seaming a reinforcing tape over or under the seam with two rows of stitches a specified distance spart.



Sean type 750-1

This type of mam shall be formed by abutting the edges of two pieces of meterial over a reinferring strip and essming with a row of stitches estending across and covering the edges of the material.

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Seam type FSf-1

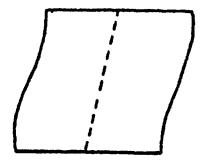
This type of seam shall be formed by:

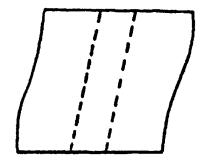
- (a) superimposing two plies of material and seaming with an overedge stitch in seam type SSe-1, and
- (b) opening the two plies of material to form a flat seam with the edges of the material abutted.



Section 3. Stitchings

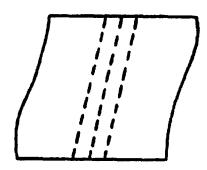
- 3.1 Stitchings. Stitchings are divided into two classes and within each class there are several types. All stitching types shall conform to the applicable drawings unless otherwise specified.
- 3.1.1 Stitching class OS. This class of stitching has for a general characteristic that a series of stitches are embodied in a material either in a straight line, a curve, or following a design, for ornamental purposes.
- 3.1.2 Stitching class EF. This class of stitching has for a general characteristic that edge finishing is accomplished by either:
- (a) stitching a series of stitches at or over the edge of a material, the edge may or may not be folded as specified, or
- (b) the edge of the material is folded and stitched to the body of the material with a series of stitches.





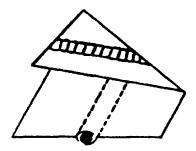
Stitching type OSe-1

Stitching type OSe-2



Stitching type OSa-3

This type of stitching shall be produced with one or more straight rows of stitches.

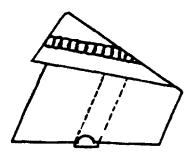


Stitching type OSb-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by inserting a cord between the material and the

locking thread of the stitch, thus forming a ridge or corded effect.

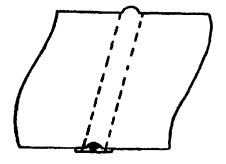
Stitching Type OSc January 25, 1965



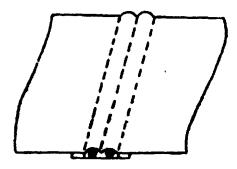
Stitching type OSc-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by forming the material in a ridge to give a corded effect without inserting a cord.

PED. STD. NO. 151a



Stitching type OSd-2

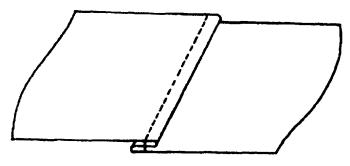


Stitching type C3d-3

This type of stitching shall be produced by inserting a cord or cords between two plies of

•

material and stitching with a row of stitches on each side of the cord or cords.

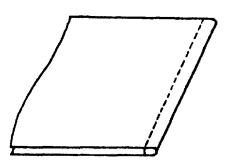


Stitching type OSe-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by folding the material in an "S" or reverse "S"

fold as specified, and stitching the fold to the body material with one or more rows of stitches.

> Stitching Type Off Samesty 25, 1905



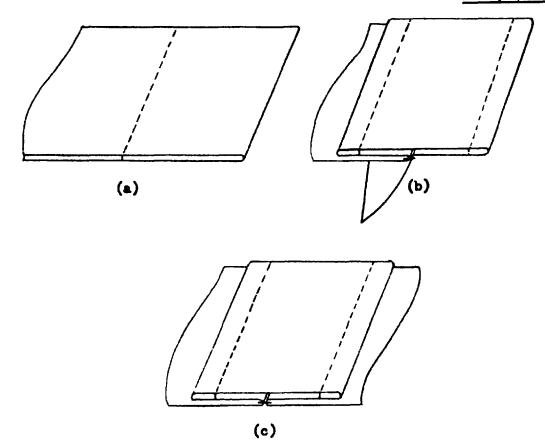
Stitching type OSf-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by folding and stitching plies of the material near

the fold with one or more rows of stitches.

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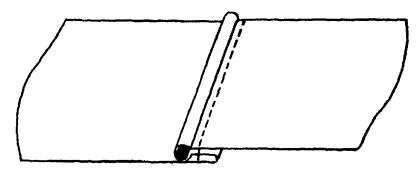
Stitching type OSg-3

This type of stitching shall be produced by:

- (a) folding a piece of material and stitching a specified distance from the fold with one row of stitches,
- (b) distributing an equal amount of the material in the fold to each side of the seam, turn-

ing each ply aside separately and stitching a specified distance from each folded edge with one row of stitches, and

(c) opening both plies of material to finish as shown.

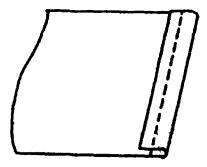


Stitching type OSh-1

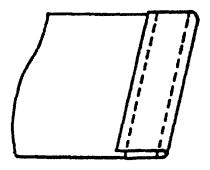
This type of stitching shall be produced by folding the material in an "S" or reverse "S" fold as specified, inserting a cord in the fold,

and stitching the fold to the body material with one or more rows of stitches.





Stitching type EFa-1

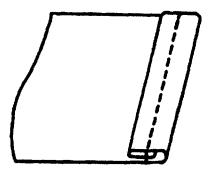


Stitching type EFa-2

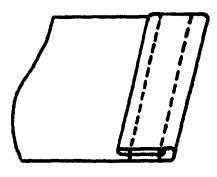
This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge of the material and stitching

)

the turned portion to the body of the material with one or more rows of stitches.

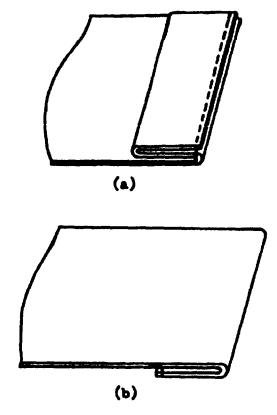


Stitching type EFb-1



Stitching type EPb-2

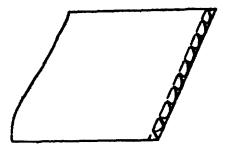
This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge of the material, folding it back over the body of the material, and stitching the turned and folded portion to the body of the material with one or more rows of stitches.



Stitching type EFc-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by folding the edge of the material in an "S" fold and stitching the turned portion to the body with one row of stitches. In sewing, the mate-

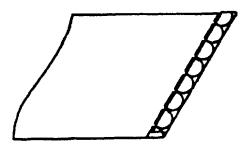
rial shall be so guided that the needle only partially penetrates the folded edge. When the material is laid flat, the stitches shall not show on the outer face of the material.



Stitching type EFd-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by placing a row of stitches over the edge of the material.

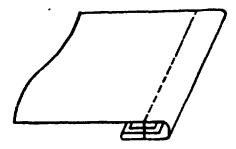
Stitching Type EFe January 25, 1965



Stitching type EFe-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge of the material and placing a row of stitches over the edge of the material.

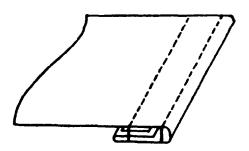
PED. STD. NO. Wie



Stitching type Eff-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning and folding the edge of the material, inserting a strip between the fold and the body of the material and stitching with one or more rows of stitches.

Stitching Type EPg January 25, 1965

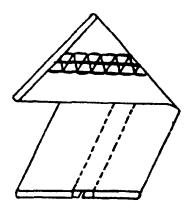


Stitching type EFg-2

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning and folding the edge of the material, inserting a strip between the fold and the body of the material, and stitching with two rows of stitches. The strip shall be secured by one or more rows of stitches as specified.

FED. STD. NO. Wie

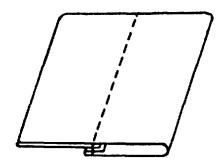




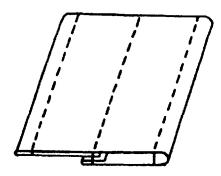
Stitching type EFh-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edges of a strip of material, bringing the edges together, and stitching the butted edges with a row of stitches extending across and covering the edges of the material.

777



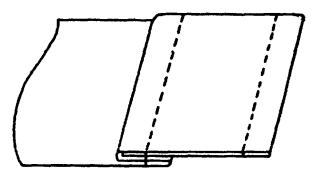
Stitching type EFj-1



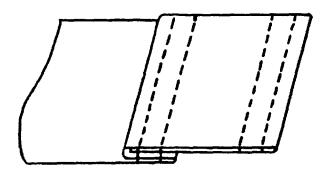
Stitching type EFj-3

This type of stitching shall be produced by folding a strip of material, overlapping the edges, turning the edge of the under ply, and stitching through all the plies with one row of

stitches (stitching type EF_j-1). One row of stitches shall be placed at each folded edge to form stitching type EF_j-3.



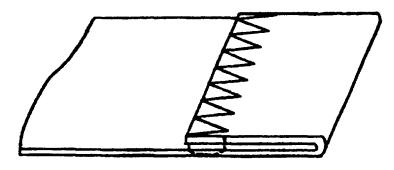
Stitching type EFk-2



Stitching type EFk-4

This type of stitching shall be formed by folding the material in an "S" fold, turning the free edge back into the top of the "S" and stitch-

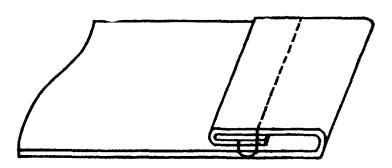
ing with one or more rows of stitches through each side of the fold.



Stitching type EF1-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge of the material and stitching it to the body material with one row of stitches. The stitches shall overedge the turned edge and the needle shall only partially penetrate the body material so that the stitches do not show on the outer face of the material.

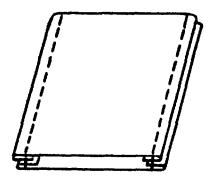
> Stitching Type EFm January 25, 1965



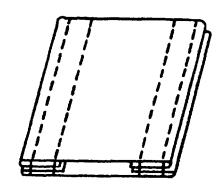
Stitching type EFm-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge of the material, folding it back over the body material, and joining the turned and folded portion to the body material with one row of stitches. The needle shall only partially penetrate the body material so that the stitches do not show on the outer face of the material.

PED. STD. NO. WIN

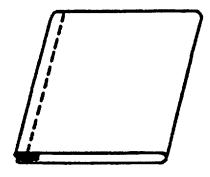


Stitching type EFn-2

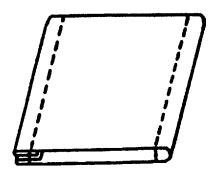


Stitching type EFn-4

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edges of two strips of material and joining the edges so turned by two or four rows of stitches.

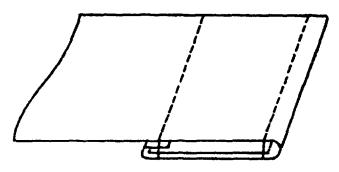


Stitching type EFp-1



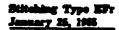
Stitching type EFp-2

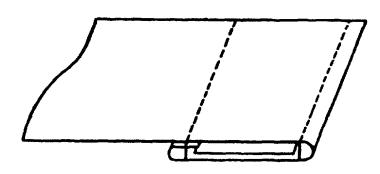
This type of stitching shall be produced by turning a strip of material, folding the edges inwardly and joining with one or two rows of stitches.



Stitching type EFq-2

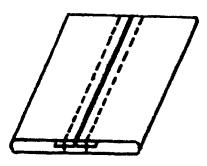
This type of stitching shall be produced by turning and folding the edge of the material around a strip and stitching with two or four rows of stitches. The strip shall be secured by all the rows of stitches.





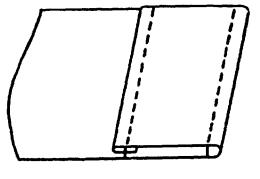
Stitching type IFr-2

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning and folding the edge of the material around a strip and stitching the material with two rows of stitches. The strip shall not be caught in either of the rows of stitches.

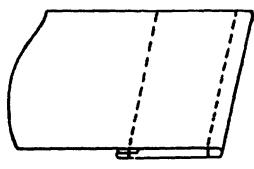


Stitching type EPs-2

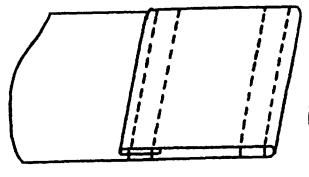
This type of stitching shall be produced by ward and then downward, sbutting the folded turning both edges of a strip of material up-



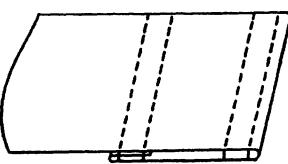
Stitching type EFt-2



Stitching type EFt-2 (Inverted)



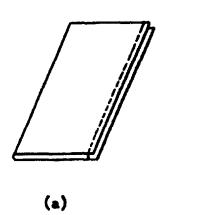
Stitching type EPt-4

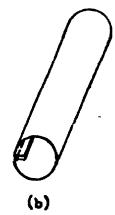


Stitching type EFt-4 (Inverted)

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge of the material, folding it back

over the body material and stitching with two or more rows of stitches.

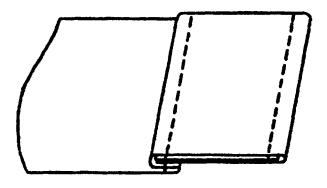




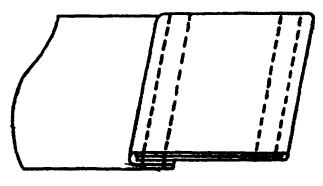
Stitching type EFu-1

This type of stitching shall be formed by folding a piece of material with the face inside and stitching along the edge with one row of

stitches. After stitching, the cylinder thus made is turned inside out to place the face of the material on the outside.



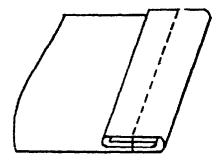
Stitching type EFv-2



Stitching type Br-4

This type of stitching shall be formed by folding the material, inserting an interlining

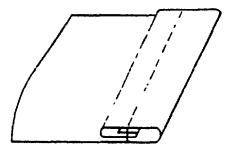
strip, and stitching with two or four rows of stitches.



Stitching type EFw-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge back over the body material and in under that fold, and stitching the turned and folded portion to the body of the material with one or more rows of stitches.

Stitching Type EFx January 25, 1965

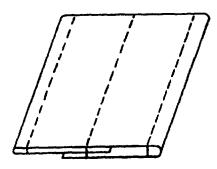


Stitching type EFx-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge back over the body material and in under that fold a specified distance, and stitching turned and folded portion to the body of the material with one or more rows of stitches. 252

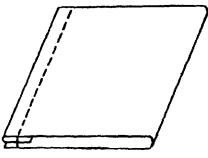
Stitching type EFy-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by folding a strip of material, overlapping the edges, and stitching through all plies with one



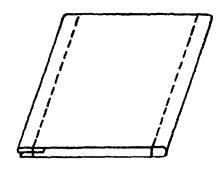
Stitching type EFy-3

row of stitches to form stitching type EFy-1. One row of stitches shall be placed at each folded edge to form stitching type EFy-3.



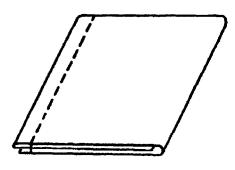
Stitching type EFs-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning a strip of material, folding one edge

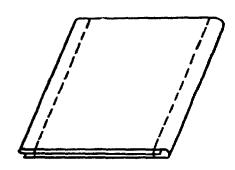


Stitching type EFs-2

inwardly and joining with one or two rows of stitches.



Stitching type KFas-1

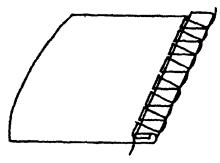


Stitching type EFax-2

This type of stitching shall be produced by folding a strip of material to form three plies

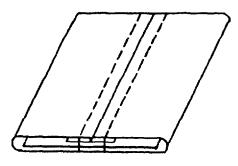
and joining with one or two rows of stitches.

Stitching Type EFab January 25, 1965



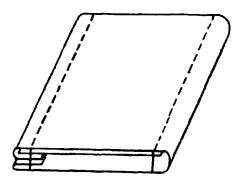
Stitching type EPab-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning the edge of the material, folding it back over the body of the material, and placing one or more rows of stitches over the edge of the material.



Stitching type EFac-2

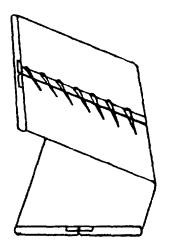
This type of stitching shall be produced by turning both edges of a strip of material around a reinforcing strip, turning the edges inward, abutting the folded edges and stitching with two rows of stitches.



Stitching type EFad-2

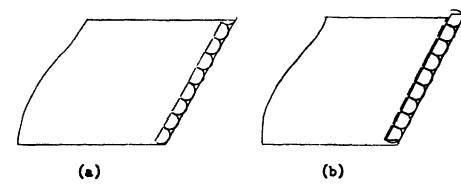
This type of statching shall be produced by turning a strip of material, inserting a reinforcing strip, folding the edges of the material inwardly with one edge folded around the strip,

and stitching with two or more rows of stitches. The strip shall be secured by all the rows of stitches.



Stitching type EFae-1

This type of stitching shall be produced by turning both edges of a strip of material upward and then downward, abutting the folded edges, and stitching with a row of stitches extending across and covering the abutted edges of the material. The needle shall penetrate only partially the under ply so that the stitches do not show on the outer surface of the material.

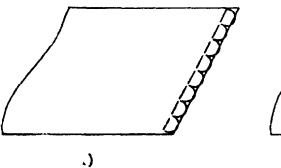


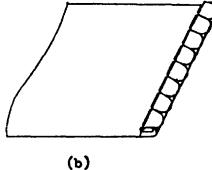
Stitching type EFaf-2

This type of statching shall be produced by:
(a) placing a row of statches over the edge of the material, and

(b) turning the overedged edge and placing one or more rows of stitches over the turned edge of the material.



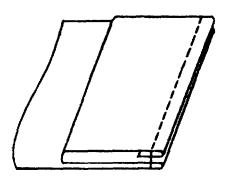




Stitching type EFag-2

This type of stitching shall be produced by:
(a) placing a row of stitches over the edge of the material, and

(b) turning and folding the overedged edge and placing one or more rows of statches over the turned edge of the material.



Stitching type EFah-l

This type of stitching shall be produced by folding the edge of the material in an "S" fold with the raw edge turned under to form a fin-

ished edge, and stitching through the two folds with one row of stitches.

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